# CITY OF LINCOLN, CALIFORNIA



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
TOGETHER WITH
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED
JUNE 30, 2012



### **CITY OF LINCOLN**

# Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

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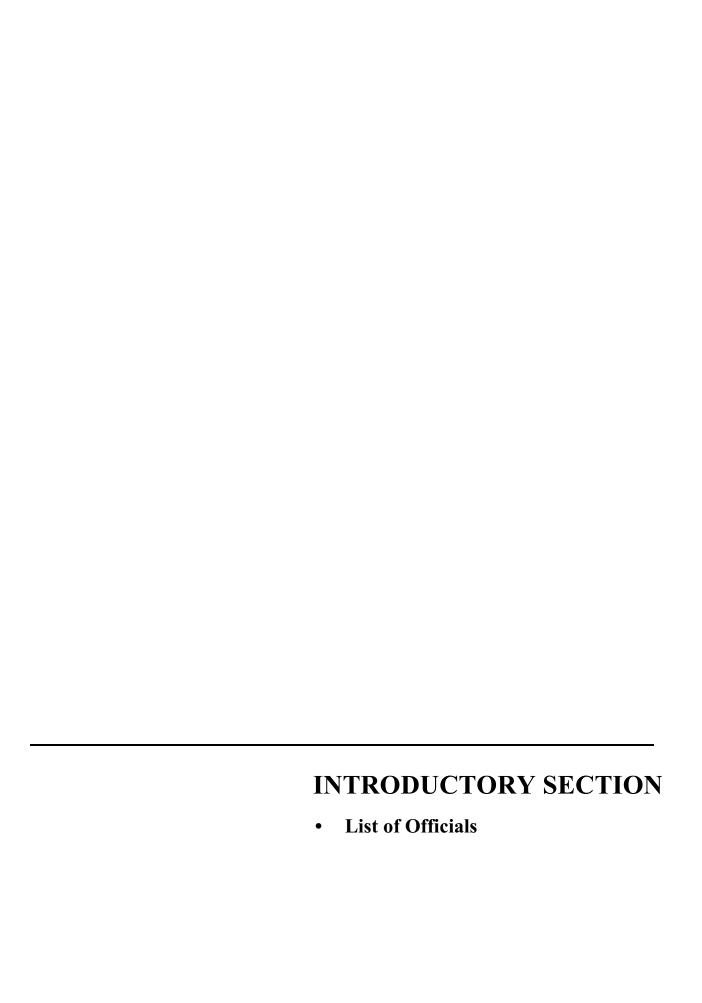
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### CITY OF LINCOLN

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# CITY OF LINCOLN City Officials

### For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Name	Office					
Spencer Short	Mayor					
Tom Cosgrove	Mayor Pro Tem					
Gabriel Hydrick	Councilmember					
Paul Joiner	Councilmember					
Stan Nader	Councilmember					



## FINANCIAL SECTION

- Independent Auditor's Report
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### **SMITH & NEWELL**

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Lincoln, California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Lincoln, California (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As discussed in Note 1K to the basic financial statements, the City has not recorded developer constructed infrastructure in the governmental activities, business-type activities and proprietary funds and accordingly, has not recorded depreciation expense on those assets. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that those developer constructed infrastructure assets be capitalized and depreciated, which would increase the assets, net assets, and expenses of the governmental activities, business-type activities and proprietary funds. The amount by which this departure would affect the assets, net assets, and expenses of the governmental activities, business-type activities and proprietary funds of the City is not reasonably determinable.

In our opinion, because of the effects of the matter discussed in the preceding paragraph, the financial statements referred to previously do not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities and proprietary funds of the City as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended.

In addition, in our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each major governmental fund, the aggregate remaining governmental fund information and the internal service fund information of the City as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Lincoln, California

As discussed in Note 2 to the basic financial statements, errors were detected in prior year net assets. The correction of these errors resulted in the restatement of beginning net assets/fund balance for the year ended June 30, 2012.

As discussed in Note 17 to the basic financial statements, the City is projecting a negative fund balance in the General fund by the end of fiscal year 2015/16 and currently has negative fund balances in certain funds that do not have an immediate revenue source. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

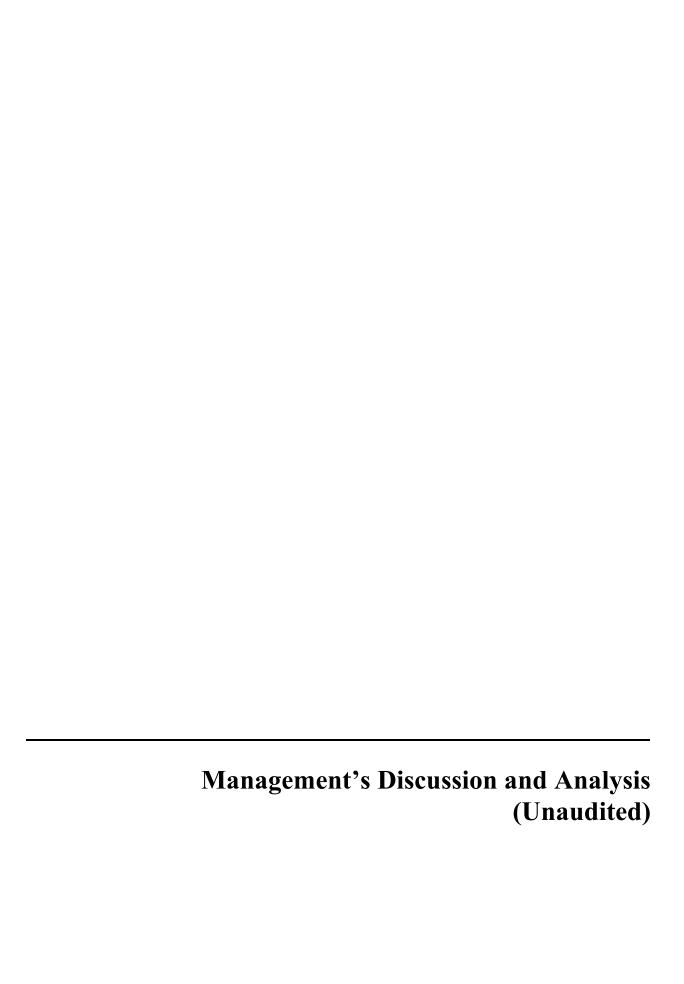
In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 10, 2013, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and budgetary comparison information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's financial statements as a whole. The introductory section and combining nonmajor fund statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole. The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Smith & Newell CPAs Yuba City, California

January 10, 2013





As Management of the City of Lincoln (City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Lincoln for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the City's basic financial statements following this section.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the City of Lincoln exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$484,779,714 (net assets). Unrestricted funds showed a negative balance of \$7,853,856.
- The City's total net assets decreased by \$16,489,008. Governmental activities decreased the City's net assets by \$19,406,703 and business-type activities increased the City's net assets by \$2,917,695. Included in the governmental activities decrease is a restatement of net assets as shown in Note 2 on page 37.
- As of June 30, 2012, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$41,034,024, a decrease of \$16,876,261 in comparison with the prior year. Nonspendable, restricted and committed funds totaled \$69,019,989 whereas unrestricted funds registered a negative balance of \$27,985,965.
- At the end of the fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General fund was \$3,533,294 or 29.6% of total General fund expenditures.

### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction of the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

*Government-wide financial statements.* The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net assets* presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net assets*. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Lincoln is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Lincoln that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of Lincoln included general government, public safety, public works and facilities, culture and recreation, urban redevelopment and housing and education. The business-type activities of the City of Lincoln included water, wastewater, solid-waste, transit and airport.

The Lincoln Public Financing Authority, although legally separate, functions for all practical purposes as departments of the City of Lincoln and, therefore, have been included as an integral part of the primary government.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 14-15 of this report.

**Fund financial statements.** A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Lincoln, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds in the City of Lincoln can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a City's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City of Lincoln maintains 73 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General fund, Street Fund, Public Facility Element (PFE) funds, Water Connections special revenue fund, and Special Assessment District funds. All of these are considered to be major funds. Data from the remaining governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 16-19 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The City of Lincoln maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statement. The City of Lincoln uses enterprise funds to account for its water, wastewater, solid-waste, transit and airport operations. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City of Lincoln uses the internal service fund to account for its vehicle fleet, facility maintenance, administrative services, and for its management of public services. Since all of these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for its water, wastewater, solid waste and airport operations, as all of these are considered to be major funds of the City of Lincoln. Data from the remaining proprietary fund is combined into a single aggregate presentation.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 20-24 of this report.

*Fiduciary funds*. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of the funds are *not* available to support the City's own programs. Fiduciary funds are custodial in nature and therefore, the accounting used does not involve the measurement of the results of operations.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 25-26 of this report.

*Notes to the financial statements.* The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 27-64 of this report.

*Other information.* In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the City's infrastructure assets reported using the modified approach. The City of Lincoln adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General fund, Street Fund, Public Facility Element (PFE) funds, Water Connections special revenue fund, and Special Assessment District funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for these five major funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget. The budgetary comparison schedules can be found on pages 68-72 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds, nonmajor enterprise funds, and fiduciary funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information, which is found on pages 74-105.

#### GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Governmental Activities: A comparative analysis of the government-wide data follows.

### Net Assets As of June 30, 2012 and 2011

	Govern	me ntal	Busine	ss-ty	pe			
	Activ	rities	Activ	vities		To	tal	
	2012	2011	2012		2011	2012	2011	Variance
Assets:								
Current and other assets	\$ 50,535,859	\$ 82,177,466	\$ 24,284,201	\$	19,248,122	\$ 74,820,060	\$101,425,588	\$(26,605,528)
Capital assets	347,222,439	350,728,268	103,709,664		104,121,253	450,932,103	454,849,521	(3,917,418)
Total Assets	\$397,758,298	\$432,905,734	\$ 127,993,865	\$	123,369,375	\$525,752,163	\$556,275,109	\$(30,522,946)
Liabilities:								
Current and other liabilities	\$ 8,824,288	\$ 12,023,940	\$ 2,891,654	\$	2,946,009	\$ 11,715,942	\$ 14,969,949	\$ (3,254,007)
Long-term liabilities	24,121,997	36,663,078	5,134,510		3,373,360	29,256,507	40,036,438	(10,779,931)
Total Liabilities	\$ 32,946,285	\$ 48,687,018	\$ 8,026,164	\$	6,319,369	\$ 40,972,449	\$ 55,006,387	\$(14,033,938)
Net Assets:								
Investment in capital assets								
net of related debt	\$325,101,751	\$316,648,571	\$ 101,133,414	\$	101,243,804	\$426,235,165	\$417,892,375	\$ 8,342,790
Restricted	66,398,405	85,179,081	-		-	66,398,405	85,179,081	(18,780,676)
Unrestricted	(26,688,143)	(17,608,936)	18,834,287		15,806,202	(7,853,856)	(1,802,734)	(6,051,122)
<b>Total Net Assets</b>	\$364,812,013	\$384,218,716	\$ 119,967,701	\$	117,050,006	\$484,779,714	\$501,268,722	\$(16,489,008)

By far, the largest portion of the City's net assets (\$426,235,165 or 87.9%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. The remaining City's net assets consist of unrestricted net assets with a negative balance of \$7,853,856 and restricted funds of \$66,398,405, which are resources subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. Governmental activities decreased the City's net assets by \$19,406,703 (see Note 2 on page 37). Business-type activities increased the City's net assets by \$2,917,695.

### Changes in Net Assets As of June 30, 2012 and 2011

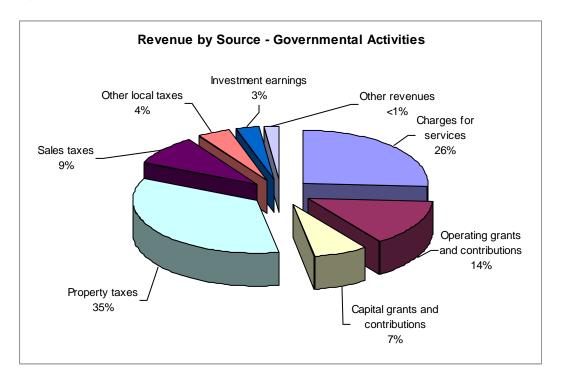
	Govern	me ntal	Busine	ss-type			
	Activities		Activ	ities	To	tal	
	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011	Variance
Revenues:							_
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 6,239,466	\$ 5,101,613	\$ 24,570,314	\$ 23,218,390	\$ 30,809,780	\$ 28,320,003	\$ 2,489,777
Operating grants and contributions	3,455,701	4,129,716	1,142,591	1,428,826	4,598,292	5,558,542	(960,250)
Capital grants and contributions	1,680,280	151,718	543,189	480,434	2,223,469	632,152	1,591,317
General revenues:							
Property taxes	8,309,198	9,742,282	-	-	8,309,198	9,742,282	(1,433,084)
Sales taxes	2,218,295	1,968,627	-	-	2,218,295	1,968,627	249,668
Other taxes	990,613	849,872	43,204	40,349	1,033,817	890,221	143,596
Investment earnings	733,848	1,121,897	282,286	335,266	1,016,134	1,457,163	(441,029)
Other revenues	478,529	557,398	209,841	184,555	688,370	741,953	(53,583)
<b>Total Revenues</b>	24,105,930	23,623,123	26,791,425	25,687,820	50,897,355	49,310,943	1,586,412
Expenses:							
General government	2,574,813	2,816,650	-	-	2,574,813	2,816,650	(241,837)
Public safety	9,006,804	10,484,408	-	-	9,006,804	10,484,408	(1,477,604)
Public works and facilities	10,423,827	11,295,372	-	-	10,423,827	11,295,372	(871,545)
Culture & recreation	591,312	870,049	-	-	591,312	870,049	(278,737)
Education	486,019	712,886	-	-	486,019	712,886	(226,867)
Urban development & housing	178,613	1,093,409	-	-	178,613	1,093,409	(914,796)
Interest on long-term debt	1,361,643	1,884,470	-	-	1,361,643	1,884,470	(522,827)
Water	-	-	7,821,110	8,798,950	7,821,110	8,798,950	(977,840)
Wastewater	-	-	5,144,059	4,920,695	5,144,059	4,920,695	223,364
Solid waste	-	-	4,369,551	3,952,669	4,369,551	3,952,669	416,882
Transit	-	-	939,595	1,145,903	939,595	1,145,903	(206,308)
Airport		-	1,818,658	1,993,639	1,818,658	1,993,639	(174,981)
Total Expenses	24,623,031	29,157,244	20,092,973	20,811,856	44,716,004	49,969,100	(5,253,096)
Changes in net assets before transfers	(517,101)	(5,534,121)	6,698,452	4,875,964	6,181,351	(658,157)	6,839,508
Transfers	2,195,637	1,357,294	(2,195,637)	(1,357,294)	-	-	-
Extraordinary gain	4,329,643	-	-	-	4,329,643	-	4,329,643
Change in net assets	6,008,179	(4,176,827)	4,502,815	3,518,670	10,510,994	(658,157)	11,169,151
Net assets-beginning	384,218,716	388,878,836	117,050,006	113,531,336	384,218,716	502,410,172	(118,191,456)
Prior period adjustments	(25,414,882)	(483,293)	(1,585,120)	-	(25,414,882)	(483,293)	(24,931,589)
Net assets- Ending	\$364,812,013	\$384,218,716	\$119,967,701	\$117,050,006	\$369,314,828	\$501,268,722	\$(131,953,894)

### Key elements of the changes in revenues for governmental activities are as follows:

- Capital grants and contributions for governmental activities increased by \$1,508,562 or 91.0% mainly due to the receipt from the State of California for payment of the retention on the 12 Bridges Library project.
- Property taxes decreased by \$1,433,085 or 17.2% due to the dissolution of the Lincoln Redevelopment Agency as required by the State of California. As a matter of law, the only remaining activity is a private purpose trust called the Redevelopment Retirement Obligation Fund which is not a governmental fund and not included in the government wide reports.

• Investment earnings for governmental activities have decreased by \$441,059 or 52.9%, reflective of the total decline in cash and investments.

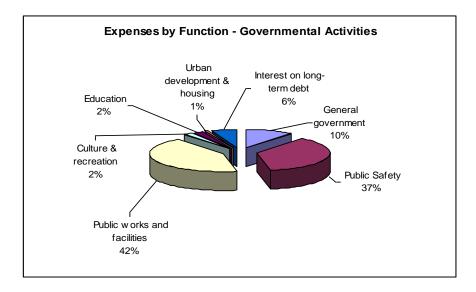
The following chart shows Governmental Activities Revenues by Source:



### Key elements of the decrease in expenses for governmental activities are as follows:

- Public safety expenses decreased by \$1,177,604 or 16.4%. Culture and recreation expenses decreased by \$278,737. Education (Library) expenses decreased by \$226,867. All these decreases are primarily due to reduced staffing.
- Urban redevelopment and housing expenses decreased by \$914,796 or 83.6%. The decrease is due to the dissolution of the Lincoln Redevelopment Agency as required by the State of California.
- Interest on long-term debt decreased by \$552,827 or 38.4% due to the dissolution of the Lincoln Redevelopment Agency.

The following chart shows Governmental Activities Expenses by Function:

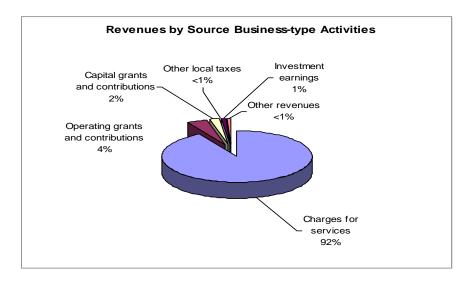


**Business-type Activities:** Business-type activities expenses decreased the City's net assets by \$718,883 in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2012.

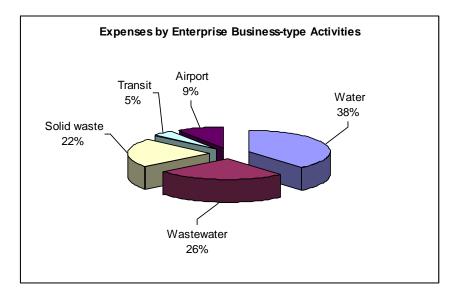
### Key elements accounting for the changes in revenues and expenses for business type activities are as follows:

- Operating grants and contributions decreased by \$286,235 or 20.0% mainly due to decreased transit tax revenue.
- Investment earnings increased by \$52,980 or 15.8%, reflective of an increase in cash and investments.
- Transit expenses decreased \$206,308 or 18.0%.

The following chart shows Business-type Activities Revenues by Source:



The following chart shows Business-type Activities Expenses by Enterprise:



#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City of Lincoln uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Under the Government Accounting Standards Board Statement 54, fund balances are now classified as Nonspendable, Restricted, and Unassigned. Nonspendable fund balances are amounts that are inherently nonspendable, i.e. cannot be spent because of their form or because they must be maintained intact. Restricted fund balances are amounts with externally enforceable limitations on use, such as limitations imposed by creditors or grantors, and limitations imposed by other governments. Unassigned fund balances, residual net resources, is the amount in excess of nonspendable and restricted amounts. Negative fund balances are included in unassigned fund balance.

*Governmental funds*. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of resources that are available for spending. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financial requirements.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$41,034,024, a decrease of \$16,876,261 in comparison with the prior year, primarily due to a reclassification of the bond funded capital projects funds from governmental funds to agency funds.

Nonspendable fund balances total \$33,114,956, restricted fund balances total \$33,380,699, committed fund balances total \$2,524,334 and unassigned fund balances total a negative \$27,985,965. While the General Fund has a positive unassigned fund balance of \$3,533,294, all other government funds have a negative unassigned fund balance of \$31,519,259. It is the weight of these accumulated negative fund balances that causes concern regarding the future financial welfare of the City.

The following discussion touches on each of the five major governmental fund types.

General Fund. The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Lincoln. During Fiscal Year 2011/12, the City's General Fund balance increased by \$330,253 to an ending fund balance of \$6,157,878. The unassigned fund balance of the General fund was \$3,533,294. The committed fund balance at year end was \$2,524,334 which consists of \$1,460,000 committed for Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB), \$995,751 committed for catastrophic reserve, and \$68,582 Mayor's Cup proceeds to be used as recreation scholarships. The nonspendable fund balance at year end is \$100,250, which is the amount invested in the City's insurance JPA (Northern California Cities Self Insurance Fund).

Revenues exceeded expenditures by \$215,763, transfers in exceeded transfers out by \$114,490, resulting in a year end gain of \$330,253. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare the unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 21.2% of total General fund expenditures.

The following Revenue by Source and Expenditure by Function tables provide a two-year comparison. Accompanying the tables are brief explanations of significant changes.

### Revenue by Source General Fund

	FY 2012				FY 2011				Increase/(Decrease)			
			Perce	nt of			Perce	nt of				
		Amount	Tot	al	1	Amount	To	tal	Am	ount	Percent	t
Taxes and assessments	\$	10,425,512	86	5.00%	\$	9,892,712	8	0.20%	\$ 5	32,800	5.40	)%
Licenses and permits		133,622	1	.10%		819,191		6.60%	(6	85,569)	-83.70	)%
Fines and penalties		100,522	0	0.80%		121,573		1.00%	(	21,051)	-17.30	)%
Interest and Investment Inco		67,006	0	0.60%		71,933	(	0.60%		(4,927)	-6.80	)%
Intergovernmental revenue		123,240	1	.00%		312,978	:	2.50%	(1	89,738)	-60.60	)%
Charges for services		956,339	7	7.90%		781,635		6.30%	1	74,704	22.40	)%
Other revenues		324,194	2	2.70%		333,601	:	2.70%		(9,407)	-2.80	)%
Total	<b>\$</b> 1	12,130,435	100.	.00%	\$1	2,333,623	100	.00%	\$(20	3,188)	-1.60	%

- Total General Fund revenues decreased \$203,188 or 1.6% from the prior fiscal year, primarily due to a decline in Intergovernmental revenue as noted below.
- The revenue categories Taxes and assessments, Licenses and permits, Fines and penalties, and Charges for services summed together were \$11,615,995 for Fiscal Year 2011/12 and \$11,615,111 for FY2010/11, a negligible variance of \$884. Classifications of these types of revenues have been changed in the FY2011/12 financial reports to better reflect how these items are budgeted. These changes result in some extreme variances in individual categories, which smooth out when summed together.
- Interest and investment income decreased \$4,927 or 6.8%, reflective of a continued decline in investment returns.
- Intergovernmental revenue declined \$189,738 or 60.6% primarily due to a discontinuation by the State of California of the SB1096 Motor Vehicle in Lieu fees distribution to local governments.
- Other revenues declined \$9,407 or 2.8% a variance caused by a decline in donations and miscellaneous reimbursements.

### Expenditures by Function General Fund

	FY2011				FY2011				Increase/(Decrease)			
			Percer	nt of			Perc	ent of			Perc	ent of
		Amount	Tota	al	4	Amount	To	otal		Amount	To	otal
General Government	\$	2,249,529	18.	90%	\$	1,741,633	1	13.40%	\$	507,896	2	29.20%
Public safety		8,378,080	70.	30%		9,640,148	7	74.40%		(1,262,068)	- 1	13.10%
Public works and facilities		274,912	2.	30%		220,520		1.70%		54,392	2	24.70%
Culture and recreation		571,875	4.	80%		812,219		6.30%		(240,344)	-2	29.60%
Education		440,276	3.	70%		545,728		4.20%		(105,452)	- 1	19.30%
Total	\$1	1,914,672	100.0	00%	\$1	2,960,248	10	0.00%	\$(	1,045,576)	-	8.10%

- Total General Fund expenditures decreased by \$1,045,576 or 8.1% from the prior fiscal year indicating a continuing trend of prudent spending and declining personnel costs.
- General Government increased by \$507,896 or 29.2%
- Public safety decreased by \$1,262,068 or 13.1%, primarily as a result of continued staffing reductions.
- Public works and facilities increased by \$54,392 or 24.7%. Public works costs are expected to fluctuate somewhat year to year due to differing requirements for maintenance and improvements from year to year.
- Culture and recreation decreased \$240,344 or 29.6% primarily attributable to a reduction in salary and benefit
  costs.
- Education decreased by \$105,452 or 13.2%. The decrease was primarily due to continuing cost savings measures at 12 Bridges Library.

**Public Facility Element (PFE) Special Revenue Funds**. The PFE funds are collected with the issuance of building permits and are used by the City to fund infrastructure projects and public facilities. The City's PFE funds include Transportation, Drainage, Parks, and Community Services for Police, Fire, Administration and the Library. Development in Lincoln has declined dramatically and these funds have a total negative fund balance at the end of FY2011/12 of \$20,658,177 or 11.8% less negative than the prior fiscal year. This improvement over the prior year is indicative of a slowly recovering economy. As new development projects are undertaken, new fees will be applied toward these negative fund balances.

**Water Connection Special Revenue Funds**. These funds are used to account for water connection fees collected from developers and property owners that are required by the California Government Code to be expended for capacity expansion. Fund balance at the end of FY2011/12 was \$23,853,781 or 11.9% more than the prior fiscal year, also indicative of a slowly recovering economy.

*Special Assessments Districts Special Revenue Funds*. These are the lighting and landscaping special districts, the community facilities districts, and the benefit assessment district. The combined fund balance at the end of FY2011/12 was \$8,161,913 or 19.0% more than the prior fiscal year.

Redevelopment Agency (RDA) Fund. The City of Lincoln Redevelopment Agency was dissolved as a matter of law on January 31, 2012. The RDA had two primary programs — Low/Moderate Income Housing and Redevelopment. On January 24, 2012, the City Council elected to opt-out of the Low/Moderate Income Housing Program, meaning that this program would be turned over to either Placer County or the State of California. The Redevelopment program was discontinued when the RDA was dissolved. AB1X26 and AB1X27 allows for the originating government (the City Council) to become the Successor Agency to manage the unwinding of the financial affairs of the former RDA. The Successor Agency acts in the capacity as a trustee to pass through the receipt of property tax funds from Placer County and the subsequent payment to creditors of the former RDA. The former RDA funds have now become Private Purpose Trust funds and are not reported in the Government Wide Financial Statements. The private purpose trust funds can be found on pages 102-103 of this report.

#### GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

In preparing its budgets, the City attempts to estimate its revenues using realistic, but conservative, methods and budgets its expenditures activities in a prudent manner. As a result, the City Council adopts budget adjustments during the course of the fiscal year to reflect both changed priorities and availability of additional revenues.

The final General Fund budget for FY2011-12 included revenue of \$11,170,643 and appropriations of \$12,352,425, showing an anticipated shortfall of \$1,181,782. The results of the General Fund for the year ended June 30, 2012, were more favorable than anticipated. Actual amounts at the end of the year showed revenues were \$987,490 greater than the budget estimate and expenditures were \$410,055 less than the budget estimate. Instead of ending the year with a \$1,181,782 deficiency, there was an actual surplus of \$215,763. Additionally, transfers in/out netted to an increase of \$114,490. The result was a positive net change in General Fund fund balance of \$330,253.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

**Capital assets.** The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2012, amounts to \$450,932,103 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, building and facilities, machinery and equipment, park facilities, and roads. Total decrease in the City's investments in capital assets for the current fiscal year is \$3,917,418 or 0.9%.

## City's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

		Governmental				<b>Business-type</b>						
	Activities				Activities				Total			
		2012		2011		2012		2011		2012		2011
Land	\$	10,157,355	\$	11,196,155	\$	1,699,900	\$	1,699,900	\$	11,857,255	\$	12,896,055
Infrastructure, modified approach		101,711,250		100,914,368		73,579,495		59,934,299		175,290,745		160,848,667
Construction in progress		154,246,359		158,002,648		19,109,967		32,498,882		173,356,326		190,501,530
Buildings and structures		61,469,728		63,315,073		6,139,610		6,618,751		67,609,338		69,933,824
Machinery and equipment		2,356,943		1,842,158		2,849,681		3,017,478		5,206,624		4,859,636
Land improvement		17,280,804		15,457,866		331,011		351,943		17,611,815		15,809,809
Total	\$3	347,222,439	\$3	350,728,268	\$1	03,709,664	\$1	04,121,253	\$4	50,932,103	\$4	154,849,521

Both Governmental Activities and Business-type Activities experienced a decrease in capital assets, net of depreciation; Governmental Activities decreased by \$3,505,739 or 1.0% and Business-type Activities decreased by \$411,589 or 0.4%. Some of the decline in the Governmental Activities is due to the dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency and the transfer of some assets to the Private Purpose Trust.

The City's infrastructure assets are recorded at historical cost in the government-wide financial statements as required by Governmental Accounting Standard (GASB) Statement No. 34. The City has elected to use the modified approach to report its maintained road network. Back in FY2002-03, the total number of City street miles was recorded at 132.03. The last assessment took place in 2008, with the total number of street miles recorded at 226.03. This is an increase of 94 miles, mainly as a result of new developments throughout the City. The City has commissioned an appraisal of all City-owned infrastructure assets. The complete valuation of the City's remaining infrastructure is anticipated to be completed during FY2013-14.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 4 on pages 43-45 and required supplemental information on pages 65-67 of this report.

**Long-term debt.** At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Lincoln had total debt outstanding of \$31,491,163. This amount is comprised of \$22,710,687 in bond debt, \$3,680,585 in post employment benefit obligation, \$1,880,905 in capital leases, \$1,629,992 in compensated absences, \$1,483,649 in landfill post closure liability, and \$105,345 in loans payable.

**City's Outstanding Debt** 

	Govern	meı	ntal	<b>Business-type</b>							
	Activ	itie	s		Act	iviti	es	Total			
	2012		2011		2012		2011		2012		2011
Bonds	\$ 22,120,687	\$	35,814,783	\$	590,000	\$	795,000	\$	22,710,687	\$	36,609,783
OPEB	2,444,056		1,732,772		1,236,529		749,920		3,680,585		2,482,692
Capital leases	-		-		1,880,905		1,957,869		1,880,905		1,957,869
Loans Payable	-		-		105,345		124,580		105,345		124,580
Postclosure					1,483,649		-		1,483,649		-
Compensated absences	1,326,057		1,679,398		303,935		245,392		1,629,992		1,924,790
Total	\$ 25,890,800	\$	39,226,953	\$:	5,600,363	\$	3,872,761	\$.	31,491,163	\$	43,099,714

The City's total debt decreased by \$11,608,551 or 36.9% during the current fiscal year. The decrease is primarily attributable to the transfer of Redevelopment related debt that was previously recorded in Governmental Activities, but is now reported in the Private Purpose Trust.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 on pages 48-51 of this report.

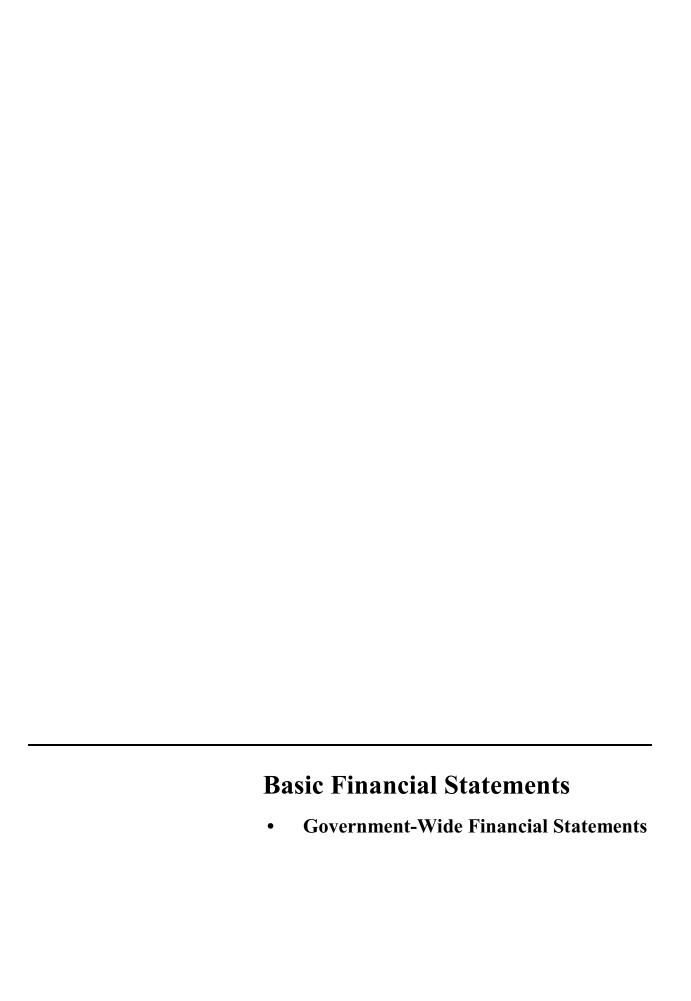
#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The City of Lincoln, like most governmental agencies, has been negatively impacted by the economic downturn over the past several years. The City Council, working with City staff, implemented a number of cost saving measures which have improved the City's financial outlook, In fact, the Fiscal Year 2012-13 Budget is balanced with projected revenues at least equal to anticipated expenditures. It appears that the local economy is beginning a slow recovery with the City's two main sources of revenue, sales tax and property tax, having stabilized. The development of the Fiscal Year 2013-14 Budget will be yet another challenging effort to balance limited resources with the various demands for service.

### REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial statement is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, please write to the Administrative Services Department, City of Lincoln, 600 Sixth Street, Lincoln, CA 95648.







### CITY OF LINCOLN Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2012

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Totals
ASSETS			
Cash and investments	\$ 32,093,928	\$ 18,437,480	\$ 50,531,408
Accounts receivable (net of allowance)	1,846,251	3,608,648	5,454,899
Interest receivable	6,373	4,351	10,724
Taxes receivable	2,878,601	3,677	2,882,278
Due from other governments	2,158,446	1,046,737	3,205,183
Due from other agencies	4,444,190	296,060	4,740,250
Internal balances	(559,294)	559,294	-
Prepaid costs	15,794	261,946	277,740
Deferred charges	553,338	-	553,338
Investment in JPA	143,628	16,974	160,602
Inventory	-	48,386	48,386
Restricted cash and investments	3,543,635	648	3,544,283
Loans receivable	3,410,969	-	3,410,969
Capital assets:	, ,		, ,
Non-depreciable	266,114,964	94,389,362	360,504,326
Depreciable, net	81,107,475	9,320,302	90,427,777
Total capital assets	347,222,439	103,709,664	450,932,103
Total Assets	397,758,298	127,993,865	525,752,163
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	1,609,931	1,833,706	3,443,637
Accrued salaries and benefits	402,728	108,563	511,291
Accrued interest payable	430,917	32,478	463,395
Other accrued liabilities	394,104	-	394,104
Due to other governmental agencies	371,101	132,050	132,050
Deposits payable	487,181	91,545	578,726
Retention payable	263,980	71,515	263,980
Unearned revenue	3,466,644	227,459	3,694,103
Long-term liabilities:	3,400,044	227,437	3,074,103
Due within one year	1,768,803	465,853	2,234,656
Due in more than one year	24,121,997	5,134,510	29,256,507
Due in more than one year		3,134,310	29,230,307
Total Liabilities	32,946,285	8,026,164	40,972,449
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for:	325,101,751	101,133,414	426,235,165
	9,978,164		9,978,164
General government Public safety	1,028,267	-	1,028,267
Public works and facilities	43,911,605	-	43,911,605
Culture and recreation	906,261	-	906,261
	1,608,941	-	1,608,941
Urban redevelopment and housing		-	
Education	4,141,047	-	4,141,047
Endowment:	250 650		250 (50
Nonexpendable	359,659	-	359,659
Expendable	132,180	=	132,180
Debt service	3,591,441	-	3,591,441
Capital projects	740,840	-	740,840
Unrestricted	(26,688,143)	18,834,287	(7,853,856)
<b>Total Net Assets</b>	\$ 364,812,013	\$ 119,967,701	\$ 484,779,714

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

### **CITY OF LINCOLN**

### Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

		<b>Program Revenues</b>				
Functions/Programs:	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions		
Governmental activities:						
General government	\$ 2,574,813	\$ 586,097	\$ -	\$ -		
Public safety	9,006,804	260,351	101,000	-		
Public works and facilities	10,423,827	4,436,027	1,122,872	1,680,280		
Culture and recreation	591,312	918,670	116,926	-		
Urban redevelopment and housing	178,613	-	-	-		
Education	486,019	38,321	2,114,903	-		
Interest on long-term debt	1,361,643					
<b>Total Governmental Activities</b>	24,623,031	6,239,466	3,455,701	1,680,280		
Business-Type activities:						
Water	7,821,110	11,000,418	83,439	334,233		
Wastewater operations	5,144,059	7,220,843	32,693	130,140		
Solid waste	4,369,551	4,848,401	13,510	78,816		
Airport	1,818,658	1,449,562	606	, -		
Transit	939,595	51,090	1,012,343			
<b>Total Business-Type Activities</b>	20,092,973	24,570,314	1,142,591	543,189		
Total	\$ 44,716,004	\$30,809,780	\$ 4,598,292	\$ 2,223,469		

#### **General revenues:**

Taxes:

Property taxes

Sales and use taxes

Other taxes

Interest and investment earnings

Miscellaneous

**Transfers** 

Extraordinary gain

Total General Revenues, Transfers and Extraordinary Gain

**Change in Net Assets** 

**Net Assets - Beginning** 

Prior period adjustment

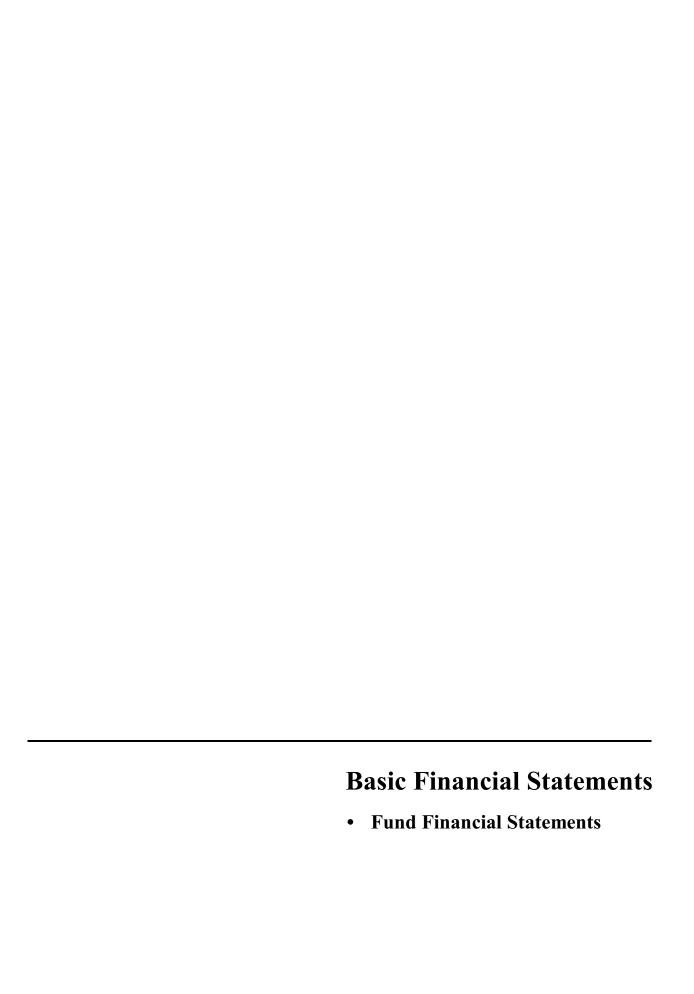
Net Assets - Beginning, Restated

**Net Assets - Ending** 

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

Changes in Net Assets									
	<b>Business-</b>								
Governmental	Type								
Activities	Activities	Totals							
\$ (1,988,716)	\$ -	\$ (1,988,716)							
(8,645,453)	-	(8,645,453)							
(3,184,648)	-	(3,184,648)							
444,284	-	444,284							
(178,613)	-	(178,613)							
1,667,205	-	1,667,205							
(1,361,643)	-	(1,361,643)							
(13,247,584)	-	(13,247,584)							
-	3,596,980	3,596,980							
_	2,239,617	2,239,617							
_	571,176	571,176							
-	(368,490)	(368,490)							
-	123,838	123,838							
	( 1 ( 2 1 2 1	( 1(2 121							
	6,163,121	6,163,121							
(13,247,584)	6,163,121	(7,084,463)							
8,309,198	_	8,309,198							
2,218,295	_	2,218,295							
990,613	43,204	1,033,817							
733,848	282,286	1,016,134							
478,529	209,841	688,370							
2,195,637	(2,195,637)	-							
4,329,643	(2,175,057)	4,329,643							
		.,,							
19,255,763	(1,660,306)	17,595,457							
6,008,179	4,502,815	10,510,994							
384,218,716	117,050,006	501,268,722							
(25,414,882)	(1,585,120)	(27,000,002)							
358,803,834	115,464,886	474,268,720							
\$ 364,812,013	\$ 119,967,701	\$ 484,779,714							









### CITY OF LINCOLN Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2012

	General Fund	Street Fund	Public Facility Element (PFE)	Water Connections
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$ 6,046,722	\$ 1,093,592	\$ 4,617,366	\$ 2,026,209
Accounts receivable (net of allowance)	36,511	- 110	1,813,398	-
Interest receivable	687	118	512	1,924
Taxes receivable	1,493,799	1 200 710	-	-
Due from other governments	177,483	1,389,519	576,550	-
Due from other agencies	-	-	-	4,173,721
Due from other funds	101,188	-	- 15.504	16,977,280
Prepaid costs	100.250	- (2.0.4)	15,794	-
Investment in JPA	100,250	(2,064)	-	-
Advances to other funds	2.750	-	3,852,267	679,088
Restricted cash and investments	2,758	-	238,388	-
Loans receivable				
<b>Total Assets</b>	\$ 7,959,398	\$ 2,481,165	\$ 11,114,275	\$ 23,858,222
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 134,281	\$ 265,289	\$ 95,655	\$ 4,441
Accrued salaries and benefits	259,117	4,263	-	-
Other accrued liabilities	274,308	-	-	-
Deposits payable	2,170	-	-	=
Retention payable	-	-	233,533	=
Due to other funds	154,617	-	18,591,390	-
Advances from other funds	-	-	10,792,218	-
Deferred revenue	865,158	-	998,703	-
Unearned revenue	111,869	522,154	1,060,953	
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	1,801,520	791,706	31,772,452	4,441
Fund Balances:				
Nonspendable	100,250	-	3,868,061	20,759,255
Restricted	-	1,689,459	5,577,043	3,094,526
Committed	2,524,334	-	-	-
Unassigned	3,533,294		(30,103,281)	
<b>Total Fund Balances</b>	6,157,878	1,689,459	(20,658,177)	23,853,781
<b>Total Liabilities and Fund Balances</b>	\$ 7,959,398	\$ 2,481,165	\$ 11,114,275	\$ 23,858,222

Special Assessment Districts	Other Governmental Funds	Totals
\$ 8,193,544	\$ 9,770,567	\$ 31,748,000
-	(3,921)	1,845,988
898	2,114	6,253
147,903	1,236,899	2,878,601
113	4,301	2,147,966
-	270,469	4,444,190
-	6,152,553	23,231,021
-	-	15,794
-	47,299	145,485
-	2,298,490	6,829,845
-	3,302,489	3,543,635
	3,410,969	3,410,969
\$ 8,342,458	\$ 26,492,229	\$ 80,247,747
\$ 136,476 6,443 37,626	\$ 685,452 52,126 82,170 485,011 30,447 1,533,836 	\$ 1,321,594 321,949 394,104 487,181 263,980 20,279,843 10,792,218 1,886,210 3,466,644
180,545	4,663,059	39,213,723
8,161,913 - -	8,387,390 14,857,758 - (1,415,978)	33,114,956 33,380,699 2,524,334 (27,985,965)
8,161,913	21,829,170	41,034,024
\$ 8,342,458	\$ 26,492,229	\$ 80,247,747

## Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets - Governmental Activities June 30, 2012

Total Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 41,034,024
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Deferred charges in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	553,338
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	347,164,382
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore, are not reported in the funds or are reported as deferred in the governmental funds.  Deferred revenue	1,886,210
Interest payable on long-term debt does not require the use of current financial resources and therefore, is not accrued as a liability in the governmental funds balance sheets.	(430,917)
Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.  Bonds payable  Compensated absences  Net OPEB obligation	(22,120,687) (1,013,155) (2,444,056)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of certain activities, such as insurance and equipment maintenance and operations, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds must be added to the statement of net assets.	182,874
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 364,812,013



# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	General Fund	Street Fund	Public Facility Element (PFE)	Water Connections
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 10,425,512	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Special assessments	-	-	-	-
Licenses and permits	133,622	-	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	100,522	-	-	-
Use of money and property	67,006	8,802	90,577	302,330
Intergovernmental	123,240	1,646,880	1,428,531	-
Charges for services	956,339	-	1,066,651	-
Other revenues	324,194	70,240		
<b>Total Revenues</b>	12,130,435	1,725,922	2,585,759	302,330
EXPENDITURES				
Current:	2 240 520			
General government	2,249,529 8,378,080	-	-	-
Public safety Public works and facilities	8,378,080 274,912	2 670 022	4,597	-
Culture and recreation	571,875	2,670,032	4,397	-
Urban redevelopment and housing	3/1,8/3	-	-	-
Education	440,276	-	50,051	-
Debt service:	440,270	-	30,031	-
Principal				
Interest and other charges	-	-	40,376	<del>-</del>
Capital outlay	-	23,982	438,499	32,830
Capital Outlay		23,962	430,499	32,630
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	11,914,672	2,694,014	533,523	32,830
<b>Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures</b>	215,763	(968,092)	2,052,236	269,500
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	317,773	225,665	-	1,541,964
Transfers out	(203,283)	(39,186)	(410,149)	(12,255)
<b>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>	114,490	186,479	(410,149)	1,529,709
Extraordinary gain (loss)				
<b>Net Change in Fund Balances</b>	330,253	(781,613)	1,642,087	1,799,209
Fund Balances - Beginning	5,827,625	2,471,072	(22,635,975)	22,054,572
Prior period adjustment			335,711	
Fund Balances - Beginning, Restated	5,827,625	2,471,072	(22,300,264)	22,054,572
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 6,157,878	\$ 1,689,459	\$(20,658,177)	\$ 23,853,781

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Special Assessment Districts	Other Governmental Funds	Totals
\$ -	\$ 1,077,032	\$ 11,502,544
2,991,852	\$ 1,077,032	2,991,852
2,771,032	522,125	655,747
_	14,563	115,085
77,742	259,390	805,847
-	3,095,914	6,294,565
-	453,792	2,476,782
3,956	80,139	478,529
3,073,550	5,502,955	25,320,951
28,148	271,579	2,549,256
· -	99,962	8,478,042
1,709,993	3,031,480	7,691,014
-	-	571,875
-	144,653	144,653
-	-	490,327
-	1,180,000	1,180,000
-	1,514,633	1,555,009
5,908	1,590,113	2,091,332
1,744,049	7,832,420	24,751,508
1,329,501	(2,329,465)	569,443
201,044	2,644,550	4,930,996
(224,781)	(1,845,705)	(2,735,359)
(23,737)	798,845	2,195,637
	(6,553,877)	(6,553,877)
1,305,764	(8,084,497)	(3,788,797)
6,856,149	43,336,842	57,910,285
	(13,423,175)	(13,087,464)
6,856,149	29,913,667	44,822,821
\$ 8,161,913	\$ 21,829,170	\$ 41,034,024

## Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities - Governmental Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (3,788,797)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Expenditures for capital outlay	2,091,332
Less: current year depreciation	(2,928,488)
Various adjustments affecting capital assets (including sales and capital contribution)	19,193
Extraordinary loss as a result of transfer of assets to successor agency	(1,203,910)
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Principal retirements  Extraordinary gain as a result of transfer of debt to successor agency	1,180,000 12,087,430
Some revenues reported in the statement of activities will not be collected for several months after the City's year end and do not provide current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds.	
Change in deferred revenue	(1,240,104)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	
Change in compensated absences payable	328,925
Change in net OPEB obligation	(711,284)
Change in accrued interest payable	195,974
Amortization of bond premium	841
Amortization of bond discount	(3,449)
Amortization of deferred charges	(27,685)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of certain activities, such as insurance and equipment maintenance and operations, to individual funds. The net revenue	
(expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	8,201
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 6,008,179



## CITY OF LINCOLN Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds June 30, 2012

	<b>Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds</b>			
	Water	Wastewater Operations	Solid Waste	Airport
ASSETS				
Current Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 10,028,427	\$ 1,620,614	\$ 6,735,503	\$ -
Accounts receivable (net of allowance)	1,868,826	1,005,056	668,374	66,252
Interest receivable	1,455	2,147	743	-
Taxes receivable	-	-	-	3,677
Due from other governments	422	32,021	369	2,528
Due from other agencies	-	296,060	-	-
Due from other funds	1,745,846	5,516	14,086	-
Prepaid costs	-	261,946	-	-
Investment in JPA	6,652	3,187	3,279	3,792
Inventory	-	-	-	48,386
Advances to other funds			4,641,461	
<b>Total Current Assets</b>	13,651,628	3,226,547	12,063,815	124,635
Noncurrent Assets:				
Restricted cash and investments	473	175	-	-
Capital assets:				
Non-depreciable	30,190,184	59,672,451	42,260	4,484,467
Depreciable, net	141,757	1,302,839	2,042,266	5,057,203
<b>Total Noncurrent Assets</b>	30,332,414	60,975,465	2,084,526	9,541,670
<b>Total Assets</b>	43,984,042	64,202,012	14,148,341	9,666,305
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	716,565	686,822	243,798	132,644
Accrued salaries and benefits	30,999	17,647	37,539	7,163
Accrued interest payable	2,025	9,990	-	20,463
Deposits payable	66,000	-	-	25,545
Due to other governmental agencies	-	132,050	-	-
Due to other funds	-	-	=	4,735,006
Unearned revenue	56,994	51,337	119,128	<del>-</del>
Compensated absences payable	23,752	10,987	13,523	5,156
Capital leases payable	-	-	-	80,673
Bonds payable	30,000	140,000	-	10,000
Loans payable	20,629	-	-	-
Postclosure			126,177	
<b>Total Current Liabilities</b>	\$ 946,964	\$ 1,048,833	\$ 540,165	\$ 5,016,650

		Governmental Activities
Other		Internal
Enterprise		Service
Funds	Totals	Fund
\$ 52,936	\$ 18,437,480	\$ 345,928
140	3,608,648	263
6	4,351	120
_	3,677	_
1,011,397	1,046,737	10,480
-	296,060	-
10,182	1,775,630	451,901
· -	261,946	-
64	16,974	(1,857)
-	48,386	-
	4,641,461	
1,074,725	30,141,350	806,835
_	648	_
	0.0	
-	94,389,362	-
776,237	9,320,302	58,057
776,237	103,710,312	58,057
1,850,962	133,851,662	864,892
53,877	1,833,706	288,337
15,215	108,563	80,779
-	32,478	-
-	91,545	-
-	132,050	-
443,703	5,178,709	-
-	227,459	-
4,956	58,374	58,223
-	80,673	-
-	180,000	-
-	20,629	-
	126,177	
\$ 517,751	\$ 8,070,363	\$ 427,339

## CITY OF LINCOLN Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds June 30, 2012

**Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds** Wastewater **Solid** Water **Operations** Waste Airport LIABILITIES (CONTINUED) Noncurrent Liabilities: Advances from other funds \$ \$ 679,088 \$ \$ Compensated absences payable 98,274 58,021 21,199 46,418 Capital leases payable 1,800,232 Bonds payable 50,000 360,000 Loans payable 84,716 Postclosure 1,357,472 Net OPEB obligation 388,437 214,206 379,427 87,730 **Total Noncurrent Liabilities** 621,427 1,299,712 1,794,920 1,909,161 **Total Liabilities** 1,568,391 2,348,545 2,335,085 6,925,811 **NET ASSETS** Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 30,146,596 60,475,290 2,084,526 7,650,765

12,269,055

\$ 42,415,651

1,378,177

\$ 61,853,467

9,728,730

\$ 11,813,256

(4,910,271)

\$ 2,740,494

Unrestricted

**Total Net Assets** 

					 ernmental ctivities
Other Enterprise Funds			Totals		nternal Service Fund
\$	-	\$	679,0	88	\$ _
21,	,649		245,5		254,679
	-		1,800,2		-
	-		410,0	00	-
	-		84,7	16	-
	-		1,357,4	72	-
166.	729		1,236,5	29	 
188	378		5,813,5	98	 254,679
706	129		13,883,9	61	 682,018
776.	,237	1	01,133,4	14	58,057
368.	596		18,834,2	87	124,817
\$ 1,144	833	\$ 1	19,967,7	01	\$ 182,874

# Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

**Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds** Wastewater Solid Water **Operations** Waste Airport OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services \$ 9,409,929 \$ 7,220,646 4,804,756 \$ 1,449,562 Connection fees 1,590,489 197 43,645 Other revenues 11,194 13,380 36,702 1,200 **Total Operating Revenues** 11,011,612 7,234,223 4,885,103 1,450,762 **OPERATING EXPENSES** Salaries and benefits 1,096,302 654,900 1,389,963 257,228 Services and supplies 2,030,266 6,111,298 3,838,365 1,022,528 Support services 574,063 393,773 692,812 108,100 Depreciation 28,121 235,214 256,510 339,783 **Total Operating Expenses** 7,809,784 5,122,252 4,369,551 1,727,639 **Operating Income (Loss)** 3,201,828 2,111,971 515,552 (276,877)NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 43,204 Taxes Intergovernmental 83,439 32,693 13,510 606 Interest income 87,146 121,118 73,364 32 Other non-operating revenues 51,888 88,204 6,712 Interest expense (11,326)(21,807)(91,019)**Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)** 245,119 86,874 186,236 (40,465)**Income (Loss) before Contributions and Transfers** 2,298,207 602,426 3,446,947 (317,342)Capital connection fees 334,233 130,140 78,816 Transfers in 787,000 393,380 480,000 Transfers out (2,524,802)(505,985)(696,827)(32,280)Change in Net Assets 2,043,378 2,315,742 464,415 (349,622)**Total Net Assets - Beginning** 40,372,273 59,537,725 12,933,961 3,090,116 Prior period adjustment (1,585,120)59,537,725 Total Net Assets - Beginning, Restated 11,348,841 3,090,116 40,372,273 **Total Net Assets - Ending** \$ 42,415,651 \$ 61,853,467 \$ 11,813,256 2,740,494

			Governmental Activities
E	Other nterprise Funds	Totals	Internal Service Fund
\$	51,090	\$ 22,935,983	\$ 4,641,539
ψ	51,090	1,634,331	φ <del>4,041,339</del>
	561	63,037	(3,969)
	51,651	24,633,351	4,637,570
	504,824	3,903,217	2,471,198
	207,966	13,210,423	2,177,261
	167,415	1,936,163	, , , , <u>-</u>
	59,390	919,018	19,319
	939,595	19,968,821	4,667,778
	(887,944)	4,664,530	(30,208)
	1,012,343 626	43,204 1,142,591 282,286 146,804 (124,152)	32,519 5,890
	1,012,969	1,490,733	38,409
	125,025	6,155,263	8,201
	-	543,189 1,660,380	- -
	(96,123)	(3,856,017)	
	28,902	4,502,815	8,201
	1,115,931	117,050,006	174,673
		(1,585,120)	
	1,115,931	115,464,886	174,673
\$	1,144,833	\$ 119,967,701	\$ 182,874

## **Statement of Cash Flows**

## Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	<b>Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds</b>			
	Water	Wastewater Operations	Solid Waste	Airport
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Ф 10 270 00 <i>5</i>	ф. 7.100.coo	Ф. 4.042.217	ф. 1.411.640
Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers	\$ 10,379,005 (6,914,812)	\$ 7,120,629 (3,518,433)	\$ 4,843,317 (2,780,738)	\$ 1,411,648 (1,098,109)
Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	(916,585)	(5,516,455)	(1,209,838)	(223,394)
Tuymons to employees	()10,505)	(551,515)	(1,20),000)	(223,331)
<b>Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities</b>	2,547,608	3,050,681	852,741	90,145
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Taxes received	-	-	-	43,392
Intergovernmental revenues received	83,017	672	19,222	(1,922)
Other revenues received	51,888	88,204	400,000	6,712
Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds	787,000 (2,524,802)	393,380 (505,985)	480,000 (696,827)	(32,280)
Interfund loan repayments received	2,852,187	(303,963)	772,631	(32,200)
Interfund loans made	2,032,107	(6,997,024)	(17,364)	_
Interfund loans received	-	3,992,941	-	136,973
Interfund loans repaid				<u> </u>
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital				
Financing Activities	1,249,290	(3,027,812)	557,662	152,875
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Connection fees received	334,233	130,140	78,816	=
Acquisition of capital assets	(38,577)	(210,355)	(208,953)	(59,078)
Principal paid on capital debt	(59,235)	(150,000)	-	(91,963)
Interest paid on capital debt	(12,141)	(24,803)		(92,112)
Net Cash Provided (Used) for Capital and Related Financing Activities	224,280	(255,018)	(130,137)	(243,153)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest and dividends	158,411	108,953	94,996	33
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	158,411	108,953	94,996	33
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	4,179,589	(123,196)	1,375,262	(100)
Balances - Beginning of the Year	5,849,311	1,743,985	5,360,241	100
Balances - End of the Year	\$ 10,028,900	\$ 1,620,789	\$ 6,735,503	\$ -

			Governmental Activities
F	Other Enterprise Funds	Totals	Internal Service Fund
\$	53,377	\$ 23,807,976	\$ 4,646,841
Ψ	(315,574)	(14,627,666)	(2,027,843)
	(423,864)	(3,325,196)	(2,508,433)
	(686,061)	5,855,114	110,565
	-	43,392	-
	1,134,626	1,235,615	22,039
	_	146,804	-
	-	1,660,380	-
	(96,123)	(3,856,017)	-
	-	3,624,818	-
	(10,182)	(7,024,570)	(451,901)
	-	4,129,914	-
	(343,014)	(343,014)	
	685,307	(382,678)	(429,862)
	- -	543,189 (516,963) (301,198)	- - -
	_	(129,056)	_
		(122,000)	
		(404,028)	
	817	363,210	11,631
	01,	200,210	
	817	363,210	11,631
	63	5,431,618	(307,666)
	52,873	13,006,510	653,594
\$	52,936	\$ 18,438,128	\$ 345,928

## **Statement of Cash Flows**

## Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds				
	Water	Wastewater Operations	Solid Waste	Airport	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)					
TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING					
ACTIVITIES					
Operating income (loss)	\$ 3,201,828	\$ 2,111,971	\$ 515,552	\$ (276,877)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash					
provided by operating activities:					
Depreciation	28,121	235,214	256,510	339,783	
Write-off of construction in progress	-	-	-	-	
Decrease (Increase) in:					
Accounts receivable	(598,345)	(23,465)	(44,298)	(43,384)	
Prepaid costs	11,930	499,376	9,651	5,247	
Investment in JPA	(6,652)	(3,187)	(3,279)	(3,792)	
Inventory	_	-	_	30,400	
Increase (Decrease) in:					
Accounts payable	(234,729)	167,516	37,439	664	
Accrued salaries and benefits	9,275	5,700	10,692	1,912	
Other accrued liabilities	-	(82,050)	-	-	
Deposits payable	(9,770)	` _	_	4,270	
Due to other governmental agencies	-	132,050	_	-	
Unearned revenue	(24,492)	(90,129)	2,512	-	
Compensated absences payable	18,962	11,876	21,794	(10)	
Postclosure	´ <u>-</u>	, <u>-</u>	(101,471)	`-	
Net OPEB obligation	151,480	85,809	147,639	31,932	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ 2,547,608	\$ 3,050,681	\$ 852,741	\$ 90,145	
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES Write-off of construction in progress	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
The off of construction in progress	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	

					ernmental ctivities
Other Enterprise Funds		Totals		Internal Service Fund	
\$	(887,944)	\$	4,664,530	\$	(30,208)
	59,390 9,531		919,018 9,531		19,319
	1,726 2,329		(707,766) 528,533 (16,910) 30,400		9,271 18,857
	47,947 5,290 - - - - 5,921 - 69,749		18,837 32,869 (82,050) (5,500) 132,050 (112,109) 58,543 (101,471) 486,609		130,561 (12,819) - - - (24,416)
\$	(686,061)		5,855,114	\$	110,565
\$	9,531	\$	9,531	\$	
Ф	9,331	Ф	9,331	Ф	-

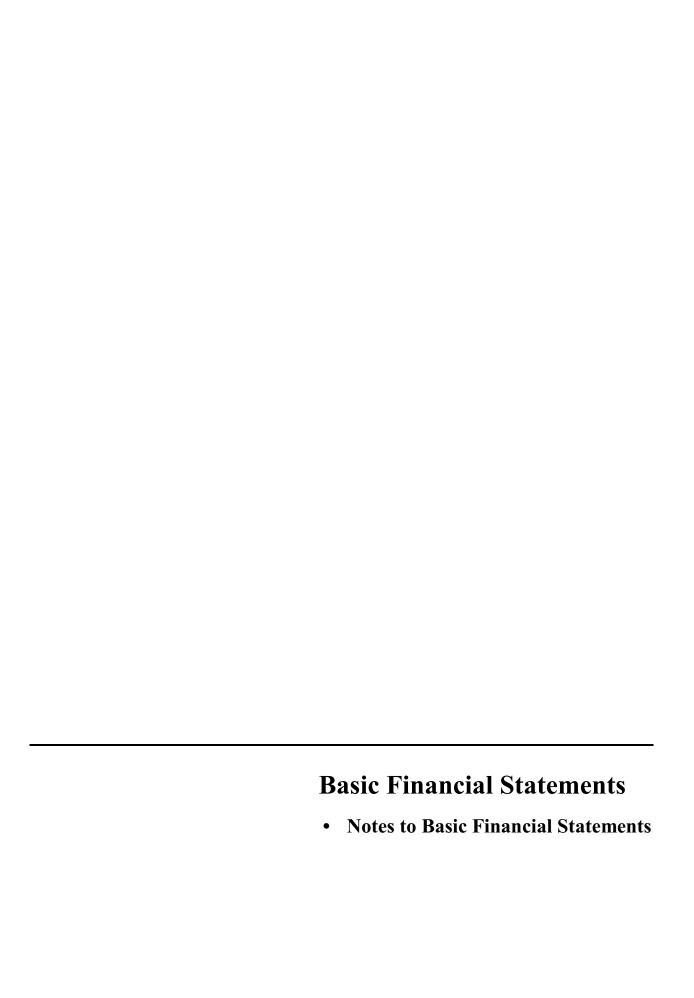
## Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2012

	Private Purpose Trust Funds	Agency Funds
ASSETS	Ф. 1.062.426	Ф <b>2</b> С <b>7</b> 1 <b>7</b> 000
Cash and investments	\$ 1,962,436	\$ 26,747,009
Interest receivable	233	5,075
Special assessments receivable	-	436,413
Investment in JPA	3,061	-
Advances to other funds	879,389	-
Deferred charges	389,015	-
Restricted cash and investments	2,112,059	28,178,101
Loans receivable	7,393,394	-
Capital assets:		
Non-depreciable	1,038,800	-
Depreciable, net	160,617	
Total Assets	13,939,004	55,366,598
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	300	1,521,744
Interest payable	178,683	-
Other accrued liabilities	· -	7,108
Deposits payable	4,414	164,026
Advances from other funds	879,389	-
Due to other agencies	4,469,781	270,469
Due to property owners		30,510,762
Unearned revenue	-	536,365
Agency obligations	-	22,356,124
Long-term liabilities:		, ,
Due within one year	539,924	-
Due in more than one year	11,981,856	
Total Liabilities	18,054,347	55,366,598
NET ASSETS		
Net assets held in trust	(4,115,343)	
<b>Total Net Assets</b>	\$ (4,115,343)	\$ -

## Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Private Purpose Trust Funds
ADDITIONS	
Property taxes	\$ 689,644
Interest and investment income	133,715
Other contributions	7,190
Total Additions	830,549
DEDUCTIONS	
Program expenses	83,885
Interest expense	487,612
Depreciation	4,493
Amortization	40,259
<b>Total Deductions</b>	616,249
Transfers in	192,359
Transfers out	(192,359)
Extraordinary gain (loss)	(4,329,643)
Change in Net Assets	(4,115,343)
Total Net Assets - Beginning	<del>-</del>
Total Net Assets - Ending	\$ (4,115,343)







## Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of City of Lincoln (City) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental agencies. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

### A. Reporting Entity

The City of Lincoln was incorporated in March 1878 under the laws and regulations of the State of California. The City operates under a City Manager - Council form of government and provides the following services: public safety (Police and Fire), highways and streets, water, sewer, sanitation, airport, culture-recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning and general administrative services.

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable.

Reporting for component units on the City's financial statements can be blended or discretely presented. Blended component units are, although legally separate entities, in substance part of the City's operations and, therefore, data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, would be reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the government.

For financial reporting purposes, the City's basic financial statements include all financial activities that are controlled by or are dependent upon actions taken by the City Council.

Component units that are blended into the reporting activity types of the City's report are presented below:

#### City of Lincoln Redevelopment Agency

The City of Lincoln Redevelopment Agency (the Agency) was formed as a separate legal entity under the Community Redevelopment Law. The City Council acts as the governing board of the Agency in concurrent session. The City Manager acts as the Redevelopment Agency's executive director. The annual budget is approved by the Redevelopment Agency's Board of Directors. The State's redevelopment process provides communities at a local level with a comprehensive tool for economic development. These tools are the powers of land assembly and site preparation for private development, the ability to finance necessary public improvements, the authority to impose conditions and restrictions for the quality of developments of an area, and the capability to broaden financing capabilities utilizing a variety of public and private sources. The major source of financing to undertake redevelopment is a "tax increment." Tax increment is the additional property taxes that are paid on the value of new development within the redevelopment project area. This increment can then be leveraged for financial investments to fund the identified projects. Pursuant to the provisions of the Redevelopment Restructuring Act, the City of Lincoln Redevelopment Agency Successor Agency (Successor Agency) was created, and all of the assets, liabilities, and obligations of the former RDA were transferred to the Successor Agency on February 1, 2012.

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

#### **Lincoln Public Financing Authority**

The Lincoln Public Financing Authority (the Authority) was formed as a joint powers authority between the City and the former Redevelopment Agency of the City of Lincoln. The purpose of the Lincoln Public Financing Authority was to provide financing of public capital improvements through the acquisition, construction and improvement thereof by the Authority, or the loan of funds to the City or the Agency to enable the City or the Agency to provide for the acquisition construction and improvement of public capital improvements. Separate financial statements are not issued for the Authority.

#### **B.** Basis of Presentation

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The statement of net assets and statement of activities display information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City, and its blended component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each different identifiable activity of the City's business-type activities and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and; therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include 1) charges paid by the recipients of goods and services offered by the program, 2) operating grants and contributions and 3) capital grants and contributions. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including fiduciary funds and blended component units. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. The emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories; each is displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are separately aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- Total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- Total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **B.** Basis of Presentation (Continued)

#### **Fund Financial Statements (Continued)**

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- The General fund is the primary operating fund of the City. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. For the City, the General Fund includes such activities as public safety, culture and recreation services, public works and facilities, education and economic development services.
- The Street fund is a special revenue fund used to account for revenues and expenditures for street projects. Funding comes primarily from state transportation taxes.
- The Public Facility Element (PFE) Fee fund is a special revenue fund used to account for the fees collected from developers and community services fees for public facilities improvements including, but not limited to, Police, Fire and City administration facilities. Funding comes primarily from developer fees and facility fees.
- The Water Connections fund is a special revenue fund used to account for water connection fees collected from developers and property owners that are required by the California Government Code to be expended for capacity expansion. Funding comes primarily from connection fees and investment earnings.
- The Special Assessment Districts fund is a special revenue fund used to account for resources received to provide improvements and maintenance to public property within the District. Funding comes primarily from special assessments.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

- The Water fund is an enterprise fund used to account for the activities of the water operating and non-operating funds of the City of Lincoln's Public Works Department. Activities include accounting for the Lincoln residents water use, water pipeline installation and repairs, and water meter installation and repairs.
- The Wastewater Operations fund is an enterprise fund used to account for the activities of the wastewater operating and non-operating funds of the City of Lincoln's Public Works Department. Activities include wastewater services and repair.
- The Solid Waste fund is an enterprise fund used to account for the activities of the solid waste operating and non-operating funds of the City of Lincoln's Public Works Department. Activities include accounting for the City of Lincoln's residents' solid waste (garbage) services.
- The Airport fund is an enterprise fund used to account for the activities of the publicly owned Lincoln Regional Airport. The airport was established in 1947 as a regional center for general and corporate aviation.

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **B.** Basis of Presentation (Continued)

#### **Fund Financial Statements (Continued)**

The City reports the following additional fund types:

- Permanent funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the City's programs.
- Internal Service funds account for the City's fleet maintenance and insurance programs which provide services to other departments on a cost reimbursement basis.
- The Private Purpose Trust funds account for property held under other trust arrangement under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations or other governments. Private purpose trust funds include the Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency of the City of Lincoln.
- The Agency funds account for resources held by the City as a trustee or an agent for individuals, private organizations, and other governmental entities. These resources include fees collected on behalf of bonded assessment districts, the Little League organization, preservation of the library, and for the purpose of preserving open space surrounding Markham Ravine area.

#### C. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property and sales tax, grants, entitlements, and donations. Under the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenues from sales tax are recognized when the underlying transactions take place. Revenues from grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Private sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide financial statements for the business-type activities and the proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to the same limitation. The City has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### C. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus (Continued)

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Property and sales taxes, interest, certain state and federal grants and charges for services are considered susceptible to accrual and are accrued when their receipt occurs within sixty days after the end of the fiscal year. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures as well as expenditures related to claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due. General capital assets acquisitions are reported as expenditures in the various functions of the governmental funds. Proceeds of governmental long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise and internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation of capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Fiduciary funds include trust funds and agency funds. All trust funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Agency funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting to recognize receivables and payables.

#### D. Non-Current Governmental Assets/Liabilities

Non-current governmental assets and liabilities, such as capital assets and long-term liabilities, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide statement of net assets.

#### E. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The City pools cash and investments of all funds. Each fund's share in this pool is displayed in the accompanying financial statements as cash and investments. Interest from pooled investments is allocated to the various funds based on average balances of the funds entitled to receive interest. Interest is allocated on the basis of average month end cash balance amounts for each fund as a percentage of the total balance.

Investments are reported in the accompanying balance sheet at fair value which is determined using selected bases annually. Short term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Cash deposits are reported at carrying amount which reasonably estimates fair value. Managed funds not listed on an established market are reported at the estimated fair value as determined by the respective fund managers based on quoted sales prices of the underlying securities.

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments, including restricted cash and investments, with original maturity of three months or less and amounts held in the City's investment pool to be cash and cash equivalents.

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### F. Restricted Cash and Investments

Restricted assets in the governmental funds represents cash and investments held in the General fund for SCIP series 2004 (\$2,758), Public Facility Element (PFE) fund for SCIP series 2007A (\$4,856) and escrow retentions (\$233,532), Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) fund for loans and program income (\$456,909), City Hall Series 2006-1 for debt reserve (\$949,019), Lincoln Public Financing Authority series 2000 for debt reserve (\$474,876), Lincoln Public Financing Authority Series 2003 for debt reserve (\$720,736), Lincoln Public Financing Authority City Hall Series 2006 for capital improvements (\$508,472), Lincoln Public Financing Authority Series 2003 for capital improvements (\$176,225), and in the Brookview Open Space Maintenance Trust for maintenance (\$16,252). Restricted assets in the proprietary funds represent cash and investments held in the water fund for SCIP Series 2007A (\$473) and in the Wastewater Operations fund for SCIP Series 2007A (\$175). Restricted assets in the private purpose trust funds represents cash and investments held for debt service and capital projects (\$2,112,059). Restricted assets held in the agency funds represents cash and investments held for capital projects and debt service (\$28,178,101).

#### G. Receivables

#### **Accounts Receivable**

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. Governmental activities accounts receivable are shown net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$1,001,947. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include taxes, amounts due from other governments, and interest. Business-type activities are shown net of allowances for doubtful accounts of \$1,043,184. Business-type activities report user fees, amounts due from other governments and interest earnings as their major receivables.

In the fund financial statements, receivables in governmental funds are usually both measurable and available. Nonexchange transactions collectible but not available are deferred in the fund financial statements in accordance with the modified accrual basis, but not deferred in the government-wide financial statements in accordance with the accrual basis.

### Proposition 1A Borrowing by the State of California

Under the provisions of Proposition 1A and as part of the 2009-10 budget package passed by the California state legislature on July 28, 2009, the State of California borrowed 8% of the amount of property tax revenue, including those property taxes associated with the in-lieu motor vehicle license fee, the triple flip in lieu sales tax, and supplemental property tax, apportioned to cities, counties and special districts (excluding redevelopment agencies). The state is required to repay this borrowing plus interest by June 30, 2013. After repayment of this initial borrowing, the California legislature may consider only one additional borrowing within a ten-year period. The amount of this borrowing pertaining to the City was \$699,814.

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### G. Receivables (Continued)

#### Proposition 1A Borrowing by the State of California (Continued)

The borrowing by the State of California is recognized as a receivable in the accompanying financial statements and is deferred. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, the borrowed tax revenues are not recognized as revenue in the government fund financial statements until the tax revenues are available. In the government-wide financial statements, the tax revenues were recognized in the fiscal year for which they were levied (fiscal year 2009-10).

#### H. Due from Other Agencies

The following is a summary of amounts included in Due From Other Agencies as of June 30, 2012:

<u>Due From Agency Funds</u> - the City of Lincoln Oak Tree Mitigation special revenue fund advanced the agency funds \$270,469. The balance at June 30, 2012 was \$270,469 for governmental activities.

<u>Due from Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency of the City of Lincoln</u> - the City of Lincoln Water Connections special revenue fund advanced the former Redevelopment Agency \$4,173,721 and the Wastewater enterprise fund advanced the former Redevelopment Agency \$296,060. When the former Redevelopment Agency was dissolved, the Successor Agency assumed the advances payable. The balance at June 30, 2012 was \$4,173,721 for governmental activities and \$296,060 for business-type activities.

#### I. Loans Receivable

The following is a summary of the loans receivable outstanding as of June 30, 2012:

Community Development Block Grants (CDBG) Special Revenue Fund - The City has received funding over the years from the California Department of Housing and Community Development for FHA Title 1 and other revolving loans. Notes were issued to borrowers for homebuyers, construction and housing rehabilitation. The notes are secured by first deeds of trust. The notes have various monthly installment amounts and due dates. Interest rates vary depending on the term of the loan. The balances at June 30, 2012 was \$566,017.

<u>Home Investment Partnership Program Special Revenue Fund</u> - The City made various loans to qualifying participants within the City as part of the Federal First Time Homebuyers Program (HOME), which is an owner occupied housing program. Interest rates vary depending the terms of the loan. The loans are shown net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$207,534. The notes receivable at June 30, 2012 were \$2,167,330.

<u>Revitalization and Rehabilitation Loan Special Revenue Fund</u> - The City has loaned funds to qualifying individuals. Interest rates vary depending on the terms of the loan. The balance at June 30, 2012 was \$112,170.

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### I. Loans Receivable (Continued)

The following is a summary of the loans receivable outstanding as of June 30, 2012: (Continued)

Other Special Revenue Funds - The City has made a loan to qualifying participants within the City. The interest rate for this loan is 3%. The balance at June 30, 2012 was \$565,452.

#### J. Other Assets

#### **Inventory**

Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed. Records are not maintained of inventory and supplies on hand, although these amounts are not considered material.

Inventories of proprietary funds are stated at average cost. Inventory recorded by proprietary funds includes supplies for the airport. Proprietary fund inventories are recorded as expenses when consumed.

#### **Prepaid Items**

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

#### K. Capital Assets

Capital assets, including public domain (infrastructure such as roads, bridges, sidewalks, sewer, similar items), are defined by the City as an asset with a cost greater than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life of more than one year. Capital assets are recorded at historical or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is unavailable. Contributed capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The City has elected to use the modified approach to report its street and pavement system and all other infrastructure systems. Under the modified approach depreciation is not reported for this system and all expenditures, except for betterments and major improvements made to the system, are expensed.

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### K. Capital Assets (Continued)

The City uses the Modified Approach as defined by GASB Statement No. 34 for infrastructure reporting of its Street and Pavement System. The City commissioned a physical assessment of the streets' conditions during the 2002/2003 fiscal year. This assessment was to be performed every 3 years, but has not. Each homogeneous segment of the City Pavement Condition Index (PCI) was assigned to each street segment. The index is expressed in a continuous scale for 0 to 100, were 0 is assigned to the least acceptable physical condition and 100 is assigned to segments of street that have the physical characteristics of a new street. The following conditions were defined: excellent physical condition is assigned to segments with a scale rating between 100 and 85, good condition is assigned to segments with a scale rating between 84 and 70, fair condition is assigned to segments with a scale rating between 40 and 54. The City's policy relative to maintaining the street assets is to achieve a minimum rating of 70 for all street segments. This acceptable rating allows minor cracking and raveling of the pavement along with minor roughness that could be noticeable to drivers traveling at the posted speeds.

While the City also uses the Modified Approach as defined by GASB Statement No. 34 for all other infrastructure systems reporting, the City has not commissioned a physical assessment for the sewer and water systems and therefore is unable to disclose the appropriate required supplemental information for these systems. The City was required by GASB Statement No. 34 to prospectively report its general infrastructure assets beginning with fiscal year 2007. The City has not quantified and recorded the value of developer-constructed infrastructure that has been deeded to the City. Accordingly, amounts for these assets are not reflected in these financial statements. The amount by which the capital assets may be misstated cannot be determined. The City has commissioned an appraisal of its City-owned infrastructure assets.

Capital assets used in operations are depreciated or amortized using the straight-line method over the assets estimated useful life in the government-wide financial statements. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Depreciable Asset	Estimated Lives
Building and structures	20-50 years
Machinery and equipment	5-15 years
Land improvements	20 years

Maintenance and repairs are charged to operations when incurred. Betterments and major improvements which significantly increase values, change capacities or extend useful lives are capitalized. Upon sale or retirement of capital assets, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in the results of operations.

#### L. Property Tax

Placer County assesses properties, bills, collects, and distributes property taxes to the City. The County remits the entire amount levied and handles all delinquencies, retaining interest and penalties.

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### L. Property Tax (Continued)

Property taxes are levied on a fiscal year (July 1 - June 30). The secured property tax assessments are due on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent after December 10 and April 10, respectively. The unsecured property tax assessments are due on August 1 and become delinquent after August 31. Property taxes become a lien on the property effective January 1 of the preceding year.

The City recognizes property taxes when the individual installments are due provided they are collected within 60 days after year-end.

#### M. Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are reflected as either loans, services provided or used, reimbursements or transfers.

Loans reported as receivables and payables are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans) as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a nonspendable fund balance account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not in spendable form.

Services provided or used, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. These services provide information on the net cost of each government function and therefore are not eliminated in the process of preparing the government-wide statement of activities.

Reimbursements occur when the funds responsible for particular expenditures or expenses repay the funds that initially paid for them. Such reimbursements are reflected as expenditures or expenses in the reimbursing fund and reductions to expenditures or expenses in the reimbursed fund.

All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide presentation.

#### N. Unearned Revenue/Deferred Revenue

Unearned revenue is recorded for assets recognized in connection with a transaction before the earnings process is complete. Those assets are offset by a corresponding liability for unearned revenue.

Deferred revenue is recorded under the modified accrual basis of accounting when revenue which has been earned during the current period has met the measurable criteria but has not met the available criteria.

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### O. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick leave. Unused vacation and compensatory time off benefits are paid to employees upon termination. For employees with over five years continuous employment, unused sick leave benefits are paid ratably in accordance with the length of service upon termination. In the government-wide financial statements the accrued compensated absences is recorded as an expense and related liability, with the current portion estimated based on historical trends. In the governmental fund financial statements the expenditures and liabilities related to those obligations are recognized only when they mature. In the proprietary funds the accrued compensated absences is recorded as an expense and related liability in the year earned. The City includes its share of social security and medicare taxes payable on behalf of the employees in the accrual for compensated absences.

#### P. Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### NOTE 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### A. Restatement of Net Assets/Fund Balance

Adjustments resulting from errors or a change to comply with provisions of the accounting standards are treated as adjustments to prior periods. Accordingly, the City reports these changes as restatements of beginning net assets/fund balance. During the current year adjustments were required to correct a prior year misstatement of capital assets, allowance for doubtful accounts and deferred revenue, and record the post-closure liability. The allowance for doubtful accounts adjustment was to recognize revenue for an item that was written off in the prior year and record an allowance in the governmental funds. The deferred revenue adjustment was to recognize the revenue related to loans receivable and properly classify that portion of fund balance as restricted. In addition, during the current year the City analyzed several capital projects funds and determined they would be more correctly classified as agency funds.

The impact of the restatements on the net assets on the government-wide financial statements as previously reported is presented below:

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities
Net Assets, June 30, 2011, as previously reported	\$384,218,716	\$ 117,050,006
Adjustment associated with:		
Correction of capital assets	( 1,464,638)	-
Correction of allowance for doubtful accounts	160,000	-
Reclassification of funds	( 24,110,244)	-
Correction of post-closure liability		(1,585,120)
Total Adjustments	(_25,414,882)	(1,585,120)
Net Assets, July 1, 2011, as restated	\$358,803,834	<u>\$ 115,464,886</u>

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### NOTE 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (CONTINUED)

#### A. Restatement of Net Assets/Fund Balance (Continued)

The impact of the restatements on the fund balance on the fund financial statements as previously reported is presented below:

		Public Facility lement (PFE)	Other Governmental Funds	
Fund Balance, June 30, 2011, as previously reported	(\$	22,635,975)	\$ 43,336,842	
Adjustment associated with:				
Correction of allowance for doubtful accounts		335,711	( 207,534)	
Elimination of unearned revenue related to loans receivable		-	10,886,424	
Reclassification of funds			(24,102,065)	
Total Adjustments		335,711	(13,423,175)	
Fund Balance, July 1, 2011, as restated	( <u>\$</u>	22,300,264)	\$ 29,913,667	

The impact of the restatements on the net assets on the proprietary fund financial statements as previously reported is presented below:

	Solid Waste
Net Assets, June 30, 2011, as previously reported	\$ 12,933,961
Adjustment associated with:  Correction of post-closure liability	(1,585,120)
Total Adjustments	(1,585,120)
Net Assets, July 1, 2011, as restated	<u>\$ 11,348,841</u>

#### **B.** Deficit Fund Balance/Net Assets

The following major special revenue fund had a deficit fund balance:

The Public Financing Element (PFE) fund had a fund balance deficit of \$20,658,177. The negative fund balance in the PFE fund is due to expenditures incurred in prior years for the construction of a fire station, city hall, public works building, regional park and regional retention facility which are all general infrastructure of the City. Developer fees and other revenue sources were not sufficient to pay for these projects, which caused the PFE fund to have a negative fund balance. The City is currently performing a Public Facility Element update which will take into consideration the negative balance in the PFE fund. The City is also reviewing other funding sources it can use to balance the PFE fund.

The following non-major special revenue fund had a deficit fund balance:

The Parks and Recreation Tax fund had a fund balance deficit of \$23,125, which is expected to be eliminated in the future through tax revenues.

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### NOTE 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (CONTINUED)

#### C. Rebatable Arbitrage

The Tax Reform act of 1986 instituted certain arbitrage restrictions with respect to the issuance of tax-exempt bonds after August 31. 1986. Arbitrage regulations deal with the investment of all tax exempt bond proceeds at as interest yield greater than the interest yield paid to bondholders. Generally, all interest paid to bondholders can be retroactively rendered taxable if applicable rebates are not reported and paid to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) at least every five years. The City does not expect to incur a liability for rebatable arbitrage at June 30, 2012.

#### D. Extraordinary Gain/Loss

The City has reflected the transfer of the assets and liabilities of the former redevelopment agency from governmental funds of the City to fiduciary funds as an extraordinary gain/loss since this transaction is both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. This transaction is discussed in Footnote 15 B.

#### NOTE 3: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Total Cash and Investments

#### A. Financial Statement Presentation

As of June 30, 2012, the City's cash and investments are reported in the financial statements as follows:

Governmental activities	\$ 35,637,563
Business type activities	18,438,128
Fiduciary funds	58,999,605
Total Cash and Investments	\$113,075,296

As of June 30, 2012, the City's cash and investments consisted of the following:

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Cash on hand	\$ 2,250
Deposits (less outstanding checks)	46,125,464
Total Cash	46,127,714
Investments:	
In City's pool	66,947,582
Total Investments	66,947,582

\$113,075,296

#### B. Cash

At year end, the carrying amount of the City's cash deposits (including amount in checking accounts and money market accounts) was \$46,125,464 and the bank balance was \$46,692,739. The difference between the bank balance and the carrying amount represents outstanding checks and deposits in transit. In addition the City had cash on hand of \$2,250.

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### NOTE 3: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### B. Cash (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk for Deposits - Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the City will not be able to recover its deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investment policy requires that deposits in banks must meet the requirements of the California Government Code. Under this code, interest bearing deposits of more than \$250,000 must be collateralized at 105 percent to 150 percent of the value of the deposit to guarantee the safety of the public funds. The first \$250,000 of the City's deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Deposits more than the \$250,000 insured amount are collateralized. The City's investment policy does not further limits its deposits.

#### C. Investments

Under the provisions of the City's investment policy and the California Government Code, the City may invest or deposit in the following:

Banker's Acceptances
Commercial paper
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)
Mutual funds
Medium-term corporate notes
Money market funds
Negotiable certificates of deposit
Repurchase agreements / Reverse repurchase agreements
Securities of the Federal government or its agencies

Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk is the risk of loss due to the fair value of an investment falling due to interest rates rising. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations. The City limits its exposure to interest rate risk inherent in its portfolio by limiting individual maturities to 5 years or less.

As of June 30, 2012, the City had the following investments, all of which had a maturity of 5 years or less:

		Maturities				
Investment Type	Interest Rates	0-1 year 1-5 years		Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)	
Government Agency Securities	0.00-5.75%	\$ 4,634,754	\$26,469,944	\$ 31,104,698	2.87	
Corporate Bonds	2.125-5.90%	2,279,166	16,205,743	18,484,909	2.61	
Certificates of Deposit	1.00%	-	201,738	201,738	2.61	
Local Agency Investment Fund						
(LAIF)	Variable	17,156,237		17,156,237		
Total		\$24,070,157	\$42,877,425	\$66,947,582	2.06	

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### NOTE 3: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### C. Investments (Continued)

Credit Risk - Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code or the City's investment policy, and the actual rating as of year end for each investment type.

Investment Type	Minimum Legal Rating	Standard & Poor's Rating	Moody's Rating	% of Portfolio
Farmer Mac	N/A	Unrated	Unrated	3.15%
Federal Farm Credit Bank	N/A	AA+	AAA	3.80%
Federal Home Loan Bank	N/A	AA-	A2	2.76%
Federal Home Loan Bank	N/A	AA+	AAA	10.92%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage	N/A	A	AA2	.51%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage	N/A	AA+	AAA	6.30%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Med Terr	n Note N/A	AA+	AAA	1.51%
Federal National Mortgage Assoc.	N/A	AA+	AAA	16.70%
Resolution FDG Corp Int Pmt.	N/A	Unrated	Unrated	.81%
Corporate Securities	A	AA+	A1	3.97%
Corporate Securities	A	A	A2	2.57%
Corporate Securities	A	A+	A2	1.55%
Corporate Securities	A	A-	A2	1.53%
Corporate Securities	A	A	A2(-)	1.48%
Corporate Securities	A	A	A3	1.55%
Corporate Securities	A	A-	A3	5.62%
Corporate Securities	A	BBB+	A3	.76%
Corporate Securities	A	AA+	AA2	1.59%
Corporate Securities	A	A-	BAA1	3.03%
Corporate Securities	A	BBB+	BAA1	.40%
Corporate Securities	A	A-	BAA2	3.21%
Corporate Securities	A	(1)		.34%
Negotiable CD's	A	Unrated	Unrated	.30%
LAIF	N/A	Unrated	Unrated	25.64%
Total				100.00%

<sup>(1)</sup> Investment in Lehman Brothers. Corporation filed for bankruptcy in 2008 and rating was withdrawn. This investment matures January 24, 2013. The face value is \$1,000,000 and the estimated fair value is \$228,750.

Custodial Credit Risk for Investments - Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the City will not be able to recover its deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. To mitigate the custodial credit risk the City requires that all of its managed investments be held in the name of the City. At June 30, 2012, the City's investment pool had no securities exposed to custodial credit risk.

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### NOTE 3: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### C. Investments (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk - Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the City's investment in a single issuer of securities. When investments are concentrated in one issuer, this concentration presents a heightened risk of potential loss. State law and the investment policy of the City contain limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer. Investments in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools) at June 30, 2012, that represent 5 percent or more of total City investments are as follows:

		Percentage
Investment Type	Amount Invested	of Investments
Federal Home Loan Bank	\$ 9,157,862	13.68%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage	4,562,212	6.81%
Federal National Mortgage Association	11,177,614	16.70%

#### D. Investment in External Investment Pools

Investment in Local Agency Investment Fund - The City of Lincoln is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by the California Government Code and is managed by the Treasurer of the State of California. The Local Investment Advisory Board (LAIF Board) has oversight responsibility for LAIF. The LAIF Board consists of five members as designated by State statute. Investments in LAIF are available on demand and are stated at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. The fair value of the City's position in the pool is the same as the value of the pooled shares. At June 30, 2012 the City's investment position in LAIF was \$17,156,237. The total amount invested by all public agencies in LAIF on that day was \$60,588,263,603. Of that amount, 96.53% is invested in non-derivative financial products and 3.47% in structured notes and asset-backed securities.

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

## NOTE 4: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2012, was as follows:

	Balance			Transfers/	Balance
	July 1, 2011	Additions	Retirements	Adjustments	June 30, 2012
Governmental Activities					
Capital assets, not being depreciated					
Land	, , , , , , ,	\$ -	\$ -	(\$ 1,038,800)	\$ 10,157,355
Infrastructure, modified approach	100,914,368	-	-	796,882	101,711,250
Construction in progress	158,002,648	2,081,291		(_5,837,580)	154,246,359
Total Capital Assets, Not Being					
Depreciated	270,113,171	2,081,291		(_6,079,498)	266,114,964
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Building and improvements	68,773,611	-	-	( 179,707)	68,593,904
Machinery and equipment	7,315,048	29,234	( 42,303)	888,483	8,190,462
Land improvements	16,701,651			2,675,735	19,377,386
Total Capital Assets, Being					
Depreciated	92,790,310	29,234	(42,303)	3,384,511	96,161,752
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and improvements	( 5,458,538) (	1,688,383)	-	22,745	( 7,124,176)
Machinery and equipment	( 5,472,890) (	406,627)	42,303	3,695	( 5,833,519)
Land improvements	(1,243,785) (	852,797)			(2,096,582)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(_12,175,213) (	2,947,807)	42,303	26,440	(15,054,277)
Total Capital Assets, Being					
Depreciated, Net	80,615,097 (	2,918,573)	\$ -	3,410,951	81,107,475
Governmental Activities Capital					
Assets, Net	<u>\$350,728,268</u> (	<u>\$ 837,282</u> )	\$ -	( <u>\$ 2,668,547</u> )	\$ 347,222,439

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

# NOTE 4: CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

	Balance				Balance
	July 1, 2011	Additions	Retirements	Adjustments	June 30, 2012
Business-Type Activities					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	1				
Land	\$ 1,699,900	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,699,900
Infrastructure, modified approach	59,934,299	-	-	13,645,196	73,579,495
Construction in progress	32,498,882	265,813		(_13,654,728)	19,109,967
Total Capital Assets, Not Being					
Depreciated	94,133,081	265,813		(9,532)	94,389,362
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Building and improvements	15,573,116	_	_	_	15,573,116
Machinery and equipment	7,908,722	251,148	( 153,872)	_	8,005,998
Land improvements	418,631	-	-	_	418,631
•					
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	22 000 460	251 149	( 152 972)		22 007 745
·	23,900,469	251,148	(153,872)	<u>-</u>	23,997,745
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and improvements (	, , ,		-	20	
Machinery and equipment (	4,891,244)		153,872		
Land improvements (	66,688)	(20,932)		<del>_</del>	(87,620)
Total Accumulated Depreciation (	13,912,297)	(919,018)	153,872		(14,677,443)
Total Capital Assets, Being					
Depreciated, Net	9,988,172	(667,870)			9,320,302
Business-Type Activities Capital					
Assets, Net	\$104,121,253	(\$ 402,057)	\$ -	(\$ 9,532)	\$103,709,664
,	<del></del>	\ <u></u>		\ <u></u>	· · · · ·
Depreciation					
Depreciation expense was charged	to governmen	tal functions a	as follows:		
Public safety					\$ 236,022
Public works and facilities					2,657,473
Culture and recreation					600
Urban redevelopment and housing					34,393
Subtotal – Governmental Fun	ds				2,928,488
Depreciation on capital assets held					
charged to the various functions ba	used on their usa	ige of the asset	s		19,319
Total Depreciation Expense -	Governmental I	Functions			\$ 2,947,807

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### NOTE 4: CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

### **Depreciation (Continued)**

Depreciation expense was charged to the business-type functions as follows:

Water	\$ 28,121
Wastewater Operations	235,214
Solid Waste	256,510
Airport	339,783
Transit	 59,390
Total Depreciation Expense – Business-Type Functions	\$ 919,018

#### **Construction in Progress**

Construction in progress for governmental activities relates primarily to work performed on street reconstruction, civic auditorium/cultural arts center, water wells and water storage tanks.

Construction in progress for business-type activities relates primarily to work performed on water wells, water storage tanks, wastewater improvements and aiport arrival and departure building.

#### NOTE 5: INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

#### **Due To/From Other Funds**

During the course of operations, transactions occur between funds to account for goods received or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as due from or due to other funds. In addition, when funds overdraw their share of pooled cash, the receivables and payables are also classified as due from or due to other funds. The following are due to and due from balances as of June 30, 2012:

	Due From Other Funds	Due To Other Funds	
	Ф. 101.100	Φ 154617	
General Fund	\$ 101,188	\$ 154,617	
Public Facility Element (PFE)	-	18,591,390	
Water Connections	16,977,280	-	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	6,152,553	1,533,836	
Water	1,745,846	-	
Wastewater Operations	6,995,916	6,990,400	
Solid Waste	14,086	-	
Airport	-	4,735,006	
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	10,182	443,703	
Internal Service Fund	451,901		
Total	<u>\$32,488,952</u>	\$ 32,448,952	

The PFE special revenue fund and the airport enterprise fund have balances due to other funds for which they have not demonstrated the ability to repay within one year of the financial statement date.

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### NOTE 5: INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

#### **Due To/From Other Funds (Continued)**

The liability in the PFE fund is due to expenditures incurred in prior years for the construction of a fire station, city hall, public works building, regional park and regional retention which are all general infrastructure of the City. Developer fees and other revenue sources were not sufficient to pay for these projects.

The liability in the Airport fund is due to expenses incurred for capital assets such as the airport hangars and general operating costs. Operating revenues such as fuel sales, tie downs and lease revenue are not sufficient to fund the general operating costs of the airport operation.

#### **Advances To/From Other Funds**

Advances to/from other funds are non-current interfund loans and are offset by a nonspendable fund balance account in applicable governmental funds to indicate they are not in spendable form. The following are advances to/from other funds as of June 30, 2012:

	Advances T Other Fund	
Public Facility Element (PFE)	\$ 3,852,2	67 \$ 10,792,218
Water Connections	679,0	- 88
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	2,298,4	90 -
Wastewater Operations		- 679,088
Solid Waste	4,641,4	61 -
Total	<u>\$ 11,471,3</u>	<u>\$ 11,471,306</u>

The advances to the PFE fund were made to finance the construction of a fire station, the public works building, regional park and regional retention facility. These loans accrue interest at LAIF rates. The loans are due in fiscal years ending 2016, 2017 and 2018.

The advance to the Wastewater Operations fund was made to pay obligations due to the Water Connections fund. This loan accrues interest at LAIF rates. The loan is due in fiscal year ending 2015.

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

## NOTE 5: INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

#### **Transfers**

Transfers are indicative of funding for capital projects, lease payments or debt service, subsidies of various City operation and re-allocations of special revenues. The following are the interfund transfers for fiscal year ended June 30, 2012:

	Transfer <u>In</u>	Transfer Out	
General Fund	\$ 317,773	\$ 203,283	
Streets Fund	225,665	39,186	
Public Facility Element (PFE)	-	410,149	
Water Connections	1,541,964	12,255	
Special Assessment Districts	201,044	224,781	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	2,644,550	1,845,705	
Water	787,000	2,524,802	
Wastewater Operations	393,380	505,985	
Solid Waste	480,000	696,827	
Airport	-	32,280	
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	<del>_</del>	96,123	
Total	\$ 6,591,376	\$ 6,591,376	

#### NOTE 6: UNEARNED/DEFERRED REVENUE

At June 30, 2012, components of unearned and deferred revenue were as follows:

	Unearned	Deferred	Total
General Fund			
Prop 1A	\$ -	\$ 699,814	\$ 699,814
Sales tax triple flip	-	107,068	107,068
State grant revenue receivable	-	58,276	58,276
Facility fees	94,369	-	94,369
Local grant advance received	17,500	-	17,500
Street Fund			
RSTP Exchange Allocation	407,154	-	407,154
State grant advance received	115,000	-	115,000
Public Facility Element (PFE)			
State, Federal and other agency grant revenue receivable	-	998,703	998,703
Developer Fees	891,123	-	891,123
SCIP 04	169,830	-	169,830
Nonmajor Governmental Funds			
State, Federal and other agency grant revenue receivable	-	22,349	22,349
Developer Fees	1,405,360	-	1,405,360
SCIP 04	1,308	-	1,308
Federal grant advance received	365,000	-	365,000
Water			
Developer fees	3,324	-	3,324
SCIP 04	53,670	-	53,670

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

## NOTE 6: UNEARNED/DEFERRED REVENUE (CONTINUED)

At June 30, 2012, components of unearned and deferred revenue were as follows: (Continued)

	Unearned	Deferred	Total
Wastewater Operations			
Developer fees	4,579	-	4,579
SCIP 04	46,758	-	46,758
Solid Waste			
State and Federal grant advances received	18,784	-	18,784
Developer fees	100,344		100,344
Total	<u>\$ 3,694,103</u>	\$ 1,886,210	\$ 5,580,313

## NOTE 7: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2012:

	Balance				Balance	Amounts Due Within
Type of Indebtedness	July 1, 2011	Additions	Retirements	Adjustments	June 30, 2012	One Year
Governmental Activities						
Bonds	\$35,935,000	\$ -	\$ 1,180,000	(\$12,565,000)	\$ 22,190,000	\$ 700,000
Less: Discount	( 134,509)	-	( 3,449)	48,296	( 82,764)	(3,449)
Plus: Premium	14,292		841		13,451	841
Bonds, net	35,814,783	-	1,177,392	(12,516,704)	22,120,687	697,392
Compensated absences	1,679,398	668,290	1,021,631	-	1,326,057	1,071,411
Net OPEB obligation	1,732,772	918,173	206,889		2,444,056	
Total Governmental Activities	\$ \$39,226,953	\$1,586,463	\$ 2,405,912	(\$12,516,704)	<u>\$ 25,890,800</u>	\$1,768,803
<b>Business-Type Activities</b>						
Loans	\$ 124,580	\$ -	\$ 19,235	\$ -	\$ 105,345	\$ 20,629
Bonds	795,000	-	205,000	-	590,000	180,000
Capital leases	1,957,869	-	76,964	-	1,880,905	80,673
Postclosure	-		101,471	1,585,120	1,483,649	126,177
Compensated absences	245,392	166,583	108,040	-	303,935	58,374
Net OPEB obligation	749,920	632,375	145,766		1,236,529	
Total Business-Type Activitie	s <u>\$ 3,872,761</u>	\$ 798,958	\$ 656,476	\$ 1,585,120	\$ 5,600,363	\$ 465,853

Compensated absences for governmental activities are generally liquidated by the fund where the accrued liability occurred. The net other postemployment benefit obligation for the governmental activities is generally liquidated by the fund where the accrued liability occurred.

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### NOTE 7: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Individual issues of debt payable outstanding at June 30, 2012, are as follows:

Cov	ernme	ntal A	\ ctiv	ities

#### Bonds:

Lincoln Public Financing Authority Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2000 issued December 2000, in the total amount of \$12,275,000. of which \$2,300,000 is considered a liability of the governmental activities and is payable in annual installments of \$20,000 to \$130,000 with an interest rate of 4.25% to 5.90% and maturity on September 15, 2017. The bonds were used to finance certain public capital improvements.

\$ 285,000

Lincoln Public Financing Authority Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds (City Facilities Project) Series 2003 issued July 2003, in the amount of \$10,560,000 and payable in annual installments of \$295,000 to \$685,000 with an interest rate of 2.50% to 5.00% and maturity on August 1, 2028. The bonds were used to fund the acquisition and construction of a new public safety facility.

8,190,000

Lincoln Public Financing Authority Lease Revenue Bonds (City Hall Project) Series 2006 issued July 2006 in the amount of \$14,550,000 and payable in annual installments of \$265,000 to \$910,000, with an interest rate of 3.75% to 5.125% and maturity of August 1, 2036. The bonds were used to finance the acquisition, construction, and improvement of new city administration facilities.

13,715,00

Total Governmental Activities

<u>22,190,000</u> \$ 34,755,000

#### **Business-Type Activities**

**Total Bonds** 

#### Loans:

Safe Water Bond Act Loan issued June 1, 1993, in the amount of \$314,594 and payable in semi-annual installments of \$13,887, with an interest rate of 7.125% and maturity on January 1, 2017. Loan proceeds were used to refinance the prior loan

105,345

Total Loans

105,345

#### Bonds:

Lincoln Public Financing Authority Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2000 issued December 2000, in the total amount of \$12,275,000 of which \$4,350,000 is considered a liability of the business-type activities and is payable in annual installments of \$125,000 to \$410,000 with an interest rate of 4.25% to 5.90% and maturity on September 15, 2017. The bonds were used to finance certain water, wastewater and airport improvements.

590,000

Total Bonds

590,000

Total Business-Type Activities

\$ 695,345

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

## NOTE 7: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Following is a schedule of debt payment requirements of governmental activities and business-type activities to maturity for long-term debt, excluding compensated absences that have indefinite maturities, capital leases which are reported in Note 9, landfill post-closure costs which are reported in Note 10 and net OPEB obligation which is reported in Note 14.

## **Governmental Activities**

	Bonds				
Year Ended June 30	Principal	Interest	Total		
2013	\$ 700,000	\$ 1,006,164	\$ 1,706,164		
2014	715,000	982,331	1,697,331		
2015	745,000	956,086	1,701,086		
2016	770,000	928,994	1,698,994		
2017	795,000	899,645	1,694,645		
2018-2022	4,290,000	3,978,734	8,268,734		
2023-2027	5,400,000	2,810,888	8,210,888		
2028-2032	4,625,000	1,458,425	6,083,425		
2033-2037	4,150,000	511,100	4,661,100		
Total	<u>\$ 22,190,000</u>	<u>\$13,532,367</u>	\$ 35,722,367		

## **Business-Type Activities**

		Loans	
Year Ended June 30	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Total
2013	\$ 20,62	9 \$ 7,145	\$ 27,774
2014	22,12	5 5,649	27,774
2015	23,73	0 4,044	27,774
2016	25,45	1 2,323	27,774
2017	13,41	0 476	13,886
Total	<u>\$ 105,34</u>	5 \$ 19,637	<u>\$ 124,982</u>
		Bonds	
Year Ended			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2013	\$ 180,00	0 \$ 33,655	\$ 213,655
2014	150,00	0 22,608	172,608
2015	135,00	0 12,995	147,995
2016	125,00	0 4,218	129,218
Total	<u>\$ 590,00</u>	0 \$ 73,476	\$ 663,476

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### NOTE 8: LEASES

### **Operating Leases**

The City is committed under various cancellable and noncancellable operating leases for building and office space. Operating leases do not give rise to property rights or lease obligations and, therefore. The results of the lease agreements are not reflected in the City's government-wide financial statements.

### **Capital Leases**

The City has entered into certain capital lease agreements under which the related equipment will become the property of the City when all terms of the lease agreements are met.

		Present Value Of remaining
	Stated	Payments at
	Interest Rate	June 30, 2012
Business-Type Activities	4.735%	\$ 1,880,905
Total		\$ 1,880,905

Equipment and related accumulated depreciation under capital lease are as follows:

	Business-Type Activities
Equipment	\$ 2,438,012
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(183,020)
Net Value	\$ 2,254,992

As of June 30, 2012, capital lease annual amortization is as follows:

Year Ended June 30	Business-Type Activities
2013	\$ 168,325
2014	168,325
2015	168,325
2016	168,325
2017	168,325
2018-2022	841,624
2023-2027	841,624
2028-2032	168,325
Total Requirements	2,693,198
Less Interest	(812,293)
Present Value of Remaining Payments	<u>\$ 1,880,905</u>

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### **NOTE 9: POSTCLOSURE**

The City of Lincoln has postclosure responsibility for one landfill site. State and federal laws and regulations require the City place a final cover over its closed landfill and perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site for thirty years following its closure. Closure procedures have been performed and postclosure activity is recorded in the solid waste enterprise fund. The estimated liability for postclosure care costs is estimated to be \$1,483,649 as of June 30, 2012. The estimate of post-closure care costs is based on the amount that would be paid if all equipment, facilities, and services required to monitor and maintain the landfill were acquired as of June 30, 2012. However, the actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in landfill laws and regulations.

The City is required by state and federal laws and regulations to make annual contributions to finance postclosure care costs. The costs of these procedures is funded on a pay as you go basis. The City has not adopted a pledge of revenue to fund these costs. The estimated postclosure maintenance costs and any additional costs that might arise from changes in postclosure requirements (due to changes in technology or more rigorous environment regulations) may need to be covered by an increase in the rate of the franchise surcharge assessed against refuse collection fees.

#### NOTE 10: NET ASSETS

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements utilize a net assets presentation. Net assets are categorized as invested in capital assets (net of related debt), restricted, and unrestricted.

- Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted net assets Consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. These principally include restrictions for capital projects, debt service requirements and other special revenue fund purposes.
- Unrestricted net assets All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

#### **Net Asset Flow Assumption**

When a government funds outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. When both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available, it is considered that restricted resources are used first, followed by the unrestricted resources.

#### **Net Assets Restricted by Enabling Legislation**

The government-wide Statement of Net Assets reports \$66,389,405 of restricted net assets, of which \$13,613,935 is restricted by enabling legislation.

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### **NOTE 11: FUND BALANCES**

As prescribed by GASB Statement No. 54, governmental funds report fund balance in classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds can be spent. As of June 30, 2012, fund balance for governmental funds are made up of the following:

- Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that are (a) not in spendable form, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example: inventories and prepaid amounts.
- Restricted fund balance includes amounts that can be spent for specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers, constitutionally or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may effectively be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.
- Committed fund balance includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes determined by the City's highest level of decision-making authority. The City Council is the highest level of decision making authority for the City that can, by adoption of an ordinance, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed remains in place until a similar action is taken to remove or revise the limitation.
- Assigned fund balance comprises amounts intended to be used by the City for specific purposes
  that are neither restricted nor committed. The City Council has by resolution authorized the finance
  director to assign fund balance. The Council may also assign fund balance as it does when
  appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the
  subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist
  temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal
  of an assignment.
- Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all amounts not contained in the other classifications. Unassigned amounts are technically available for any purpose. In other governmental funds, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, that fund would report a negative unassigned fund balance.

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### NOTE 11: FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED)

The fund balances for all major and nonmajor governmental funds as of June 30, 2012, were distributed as follows:

	General	Street Fund	Public Facility Element (PFE)	Water <u>Connections</u>	Special Assessment Districts	Other Govern- mental Funds	Total
Nonspendable							
Due from other agencies	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,173,721	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,173,721
Due from other funds	-	-	-	15,906,446	-	5,684,942	21,591,388
Prepaid costs	-	-	15,794	-	-	-	15,794
Investment in JPA	100,250	-	-	-	-	47,299	147,549
Advances	-	-	3,852,267	679,088	-	2,298,490	6,829,845
Endowment						356,659	356,659
Subtotal	100,250		3,868,061	20,759,255		8,387,390	33,114,956
Restricted For:							
General government	-	-	-	-	-	4,679,674	4,679,674
Public Safety	-	-	1,027,365	-	-	902	1,028,267
Public works & facilities	-	1,689,459	2,667,751	3,094,526	8,161,913	4,806,460	20,420,109
Urban redevelopment and	1						
housing	-	-	-	-	-	906,261	906,261
Education	-	-	1,881,927	-	-	-	1,881,927
Endowment	-	-	-	-	-	132,180	132,180
Debt service	-	-	-	-	-	3,591,441	3,591,441
Capital projects						740,840	740,840
Subtotal		1,689,459	5,577,043	3,094,526	8,161,913	14,857,758	33,380,699
Committed to:							
Catastrophic reserve	995,751	-	-	-	-	-	995,751
Youth programs	68,583	_	_	-	-	-	68,583
OPEB	1,460,000						1,460,000
Subtotal	2,524,334						2,524,334
Unassigned	3,533,294		(_30,103,281)		<u>-</u>	(1,415,978)	(27,985,965)
Total	\$6,157,878	\$1,689,459	(\$20,658,177)	\$23,853,781	\$8,161,913	\$21,829,170	<u>\$41,034,024</u>

#### **Fund Balance Flow Assumption**

When a government funds outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance), a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. When both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available, it is considered that restricted fund balance is depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### NOTE 11: FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED)

### **Fund Balance Policy**

The City Council has adopted a fund balance policy for financial statement reporting for the general fund. The policy establishes procedures for reporting fund balance classifications, establishes prudent reserve requirements and establishes a hierarchy of fund balance expenditures. The policy also provides for the City to establish and maintain a minimum committed unrestricted fund balance (catastrophic reserve) in the General fund equal to \$2 million or two months of annual expenditures whichever is greater and a minimum committed unrestricted fund balance (economic reserve) in the General fund equal to 15% of annual expenditures.

#### NOTE 12: EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN

#### A. Plan Description

The City contributes to the California Public Employees Retirement System (PERS), an agent multiple-employer public employee defined benefit plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. PERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California. Benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by statute. Copies of PERS' annual financial report may be obtained from their executive office – 400 Q Street, Lincoln Plaza East, Sacramento, CA 95811.

#### **B.** Funding Policy

Miscellaneous plan members in PERS are required to contribute up to 8 percent of their annual covered salary and Safety Plan members are required to contribute up to 9 percent of their annual covered salary. The City is required to contribute the actuarially determined remaining amounts necessary to fund the benefits for its members. The actuarial methods and assumptions used are those adopted by the PERS Board of Administration. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2011/2012 was 17.491 percent for miscellaneous employees, 7.733 percent for miscellaneous 2<sup>nd</sup> tier, 24.981 percent for fire and 24.981 percent for police. The contribution requirements of the plan are established by State statute and the employer contribution rate is established and may be amended by PERS.

#### C. Annual Pension Cost

For fiscal year 2011/2012, the City's annual pension cost of \$1,937,428 for PERS was equal to the City's actual contributions. The required contributions for fiscal year 2011/2012 were determined as part of the June 30, 2009, actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 7.75 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), (b) projected annual salary increases of 3.55 percent to 14.45 percent, depending on age, service, and type of employment, (c) 3.00 percent inflation, (d) 3.25 percent payroll growth and (e) individual salary growth based on a merit scale with assumed annual inflation of 3.00 percent and annual production growth of 0.25 percent.

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### NOTE 12: EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

#### C. Annual Pension Cost (Continued)

The actuarial value of PERS assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effect of short term volatility in the market value of investments over a fifteen year period (smoothed market value). Initial unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis. All changes in liability due to plan amendments, changes in actuarial assumptions, or changes in actuarial methodology are amortized separately over a 20 year period. All gains or losses are tracked and amortized over a rolling 30 year period with the exception of gains and losses in fiscal years 2008-2009, 2009-2010 and 2010-2011 in which each year's gains or losses will be isolated and amortized over fixed and declining 30 year periods (as opposed to the current rolling 30 year amortization). If the plan's accrued liability exceeds the actuarial value of plan assets, the annual contribution with respect to the total unfunded liability may not be less than the amount produced by a 30 year amortization of the unfunded liability. The table below presents three year trend information.

Fiscal Year	Annual	Pension Pe	ercentage of	Net Pension	
Ending	Cost (	(APC) APC	Contributed	Obligation	_
June 30, 2010	\$ 1,	,927,960	100% \$	S	-
June 30, 2011	1,	,867,194	100%		-
June 30, 2012	1,	,937,428	100%		-

#### D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

Since the City has less than 100 active members in at least one valuation since June 30, 2003, it is required to participate in a risk pool and does not present individual plan funded status.

#### NOTE 13: OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

#### A. Plan Description

The City administers a single employer defined benefit other postemployment healthcare (OPEB) plan providing health plan coverage to eligible retired employees and their eligible dependents. The City maintains the same medical plans for its retirees as for its active employees. All regular City employees hired prior to January 1, 1998 are entitled to 100% medical coverage, paid by the City, upon retirement from the City and from CalPERS. Employees hired after January 1, 1998 are eligible for retiree medical health benefits as defined in the California Public Employees Retirement Law, tiered system. The tiered system requires that an employee be vested (5 years at the City of Lincoln) and have a minimum total of 10 years of service in a CalPERS agency, be 50 years of age and retire out of CalPERS within 120 days of retiring from the City. The amount the City pays for their medical health benefit is dependent upon their years of credited service at retirement. The OPEB Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

## **B.** Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the City Council. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements. For the year ended June 30, 2012, the City contributed \$352,655 to the plan, which represents 98% of the cost of current year premiums for eligible retired plan members and their spouses. Plan members receiving benefits contributed \$7,706, or approximately 2% of the total premiums, through their required contribution.

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### NOTE 13: OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

### C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The City's annual other postemployment benefits (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year. The City elected to prepay the unfunded actuarial liability.

The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation to the Retiree Health Plan.

Annual required contribution Interest on net OPEB Obligation Adjustment to Annual Required Contribution	\$ 1,587,916 124,135 ( <u>161,503</u> )
Annual OPEB Cost	1,550,548
Contributions Made	(352,655)
Increase (decrease) in Net OPEB Obligation Net OPEB Obligation (Asset) Beginning	1,197,893 2,482,692
Net OPEB Obligation (Asset) Ending	\$ 3,680,585

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the current and prior two years are as follows:

Fiscal Year		Annual	Percentage of Annual	]	Net OPEB
Ended	O	PEB Cost	OPEB Cost Contributed		Obligation
June 30, 2010	\$	1,257,175	21.1%	\$	1,498,886
June 30, 2011		1,264,797	22.2%		2,482,692
June 30, 2012		1,550,548	22.7%		3,680,585

### **D.** Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of July 1, 2011, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 0 percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability was \$12,518,361 and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$12,518,361. The covered payroll (annual payroll of employees covered by the plan) was \$10,673,967, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 11.7 percent.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of the reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the Annual Required Contributions of the City are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The Schedule of Funding Progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information (as it becomes available) that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### NOTE 13: OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

#### E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation to the OPEB plan. In the July 1, 2011 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 5% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses). The annual healthcare-cost trend rates range from 7% in 2012 to 5% in 2014 and future years. The assumptions also include a 5% discount rate. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2012 was 30 years.

#### **NOTE 14: RISK MANAGEMENT**

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster.

There is no claims liability to be reported based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount for the loss can be reasonably estimated.

There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from prior years and there have been no settlements exceeding the insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

The City is a member of Northern California Cities Self-Insurance Fund (NCCSIF), a joint powers agency which provides the City with a shared risk layer of coverage above the self-insured retention amount for liability and workers' compensation. The NCCSIF is composed of 21 member cities and is governed by a board of directors appointed by the member cities. The governing board has authority over budgeting and financing.

General Liability Coverage: Annual deposits are paid by member cities and are adjusted retrospectively to cover costs. Each member city, including Lincoln, self-insures for the first \$50,000 of each loss. Participating cities share in loss occurrences in excess of \$50,000 up to a maximum of \$500,000. Premiums accrue based on the ultimate cost of the experience of the group of Cities. Coverage in excess of \$500,000 is provided through the California Joint Powers Insurance Risk Management Authority, a joint powers authority organized to provide excess coverage for its members.

Workers' Compensation Coverage: Annual deposits are paid by member cities and are adjusted retrospectively to cover costs. The City self-insured for the first \$100,000 of each loss and has purchased excess coverage with limits of \$5,000,000 per occurrence.

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### NOTE 14: RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

NCCSIF is a joint powers agency organized in accordance with Article 1, Chapter 5, Division 7, Title 1 of the California Government Fund Programs. The purpose is to create a common pool of funds to be used to meet obligations of the parties to provide workers' compensation benefits for their employees and to provide excess liability insurance. The Authority provides claims processing administrative services, risk management services, and actuarial studies. It is governed by a member from each city. The City of Lincoln council members do not have significant oversight responsibility, since they evenly share all factors of responsibility with the other cities. However, ultimate liability for payment of claims and insurance premiums resides with member cities. The Authority is empowered to make supplemental assessments as needed to eliminate deficit positions of member cities. If the JPA becomes insolvent, the City is responsible only to the extent of any deficiency in its equity balance.

Upon termination of the JPA agreement, all property of the Authority will vest in the respective parties which theretofore transferred, conveyed or leased said property to the Authority. Any surplus of funds will be returned to the parties in proportion to actual balances of each equity.

The Authority establishes claims liabilities based on estimates of the ultimate cost of claims (including future claims settlement expenses) that have been reported but not settled, plus estimates of claims that have been incurred but not reported. Because actual claims costs depend on various factors, the claims liabilities are recomputed periodically using a variety of actuarial and statistical techniques to produce current estimates that reflect recent settlements, claim frequency, and other economic and social factors. A provision of inflation is implicit in the calculation of estimated future claims costs. Adjustments to claims liabilities are charged or credited to expense in the periods in which they are made.

The participants as of June 30, 2012 were as follows:

<ul> <li>Anderson</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Dixon</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Ione</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Nevada City</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Red Bluff</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Auburn</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Folsom</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Jackson</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Oroville</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Rio Vista</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Colusa</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Galt</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Lincoln</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Paradise</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Rocklin</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Corning</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Gridley</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Marysville</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Placerville</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Willows</li> </ul>
				<ul> <li>Yuba City</li> </ul>

The City's equity investment in the NCCSIF of \$160,602 is recorded in the funds Investment in JPA. The net change in equity is shown as an income or expenditure/expense item in the funds.

#### **NOTE 15: OTHER INFORMATION**

## A. Commitments and Contingencies

At June 30, 2012, the City had construction contracts outstanding of approximately \$193,888 for the civic center rehabilitation.

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the appreciable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### **NOTE 15: OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)**

#### B. Successor Agency Trust for Assets of Former Redevelopment Agency

On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court upheld Assembly Bill 1X 26 ("the Bill") that provides for the dissolution of all redevelopment agencies in the State of California. This action impacted the reporting entity of the City of Lincoln that previously had reported a redevelopment agency within the reporting entity of the City as a blended component unit.

The Bill provides that upon dissolution of a redevelopment agency, either the City or another unit of local government will agree to serve as the "successor agency" to hold the assets until they are distributed to other units of state and local government. On January 24, 2012, the City Council elected to become the Successor Agency for the former redevelopment agency with the exception of the housing function in accordance with the Bill as part of City resolution number 2012-013.

After enactment of the law, which occurred on June 28, 2011, redevelopment agencies in the State of California cannot enter into new projects, obligations or commitments. Subject to the control of a newly established oversight board, remaining assets can only be used to pay enforceable obligations in existence at the date of dissolution (including the completion of any unfinished projects that were subject to legally enforceable contractual commitments).

In future fiscal years, successor agencies will only be allocated revenue in the amount that is necessary to pay the estimated annual installment payments on enforceable obligations of the former redevelopment agency until all enforceable obligations of the prior redevelopment agency have been paid in full and all assets have been liquidated.

The Bill directs the State Controller of the State of California to review the propriety of any transfers of assets between redevelopment agencies and other public bodies that occurred after January 1, 2011. If the public body that received such transfers is not contractually committed to a third party for the expenditure or encumbrance of those assets, the State Controller is required to order the available assets to be transferred to the public body designated as the successor agency by the Bill.

Management believes, in consultation with legal counsel, that the obligations of the former redevelopment agency due to the City are valid enforceable obligations payable by the successor agency trust under the requirements of the Bill. The City's position on this issue is not a position of settled law and there is considerable legal uncertainty regarding this issue. It is reasonably possible that a legal determination may be made at a later date by an appropriate judicial authority that would resolve this issue unfavorably to the City.

In accordance with the timeline set forth in the Bill (as modified by the California Supreme Court on December 29, 2011) all redevelopment agencies in the State of California were dissolved and ceased to operate as a legal entity as of February 1, 2012.

Prior to that date, the final seven months of the activity of the redevelopment agency continued to be reported in the governmental funds of the City. After the date of dissolution, the assets and activities of the dissolved redevelopment agency are reported in a fiduciary fund (private-purpose trust fund) in the financial statements of the City.

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### NOTE 15: OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

### B. Successor Agency Trust for Assets of Former Redevelopment Agency (Continued)

The transfer of the assets and liabilities of the former redevelopment agency as of February 1, 2012 (effectively the same date as January 31, 2012) from governmental funds of the City to fiduciary funds was reported in the governmental funds as an extraordinary loss (or gain) in the governmental fund financial statements. The receipt of these assets and liabilities as of January 31, 2012 was reported in the private-purpose trust fund as an extraordinary gain (or loss).

Because of the different measurement focus of the governmental funds (current financial resources measurement focus) and the measurement focus of the trust funds (economic resources measurement focus), the extraordinary loss recognized in the governmental funds was not the same amount as the extraordinary loss that was recognized in the fiduciary fund financial statements.

The difference between the extraordinary loss recognized in the fund financial statements and the extraordinary loss recognized in the fiduciary fund financial statements is reconciled as follows:

Total extraordinary loss reported in governmental funds - increase to net assets of the Successor Agency Trust Fund.	\$ 6,553,877
Capital assets recorded in the government-wide financial statements - increase to net assets of the Successor Agency Trust Fund.	1,203,910
Long-term debt reported in the government-wide financial statements - decrease to net assets of the Successor Agency Trust Fund.	(_12,087,430)
Net decrease to net assets of the Successor Agency Trust Fund as a result of initial transfers (equal to amount of extraordinary gain reported in the	
government-wide financial statements).	(\$ 4,329,643)

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2012, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2011	Additions	Retirements	Adjustments	Balance June 30, 2012
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated Land	<u>\$</u> -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,038,800	\$ 1,038,800
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated		<u> </u>		1,038,800	1,038,800
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated Buildings		. <u> </u>	<u>-</u> _	179,708	179,708
Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings		4,493)		(14,598)	(19,091)
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated Net		(4,493)		165,110	160,617
Capital Assets, Net	\$ -	(\$ \$4,493)	\$ -	<u>\$ 1,203,910</u>	\$ 1,199,417

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### **NOTE 15: OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)**

#### B. Successor Agency Trust for Assets of Former Redevelopment Agency (Continued)

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2012:

							Amounts
	Bala	ince				Balance	Due Within
Type of Indebtedness	July 1,	2011	Adjustments	Ret	irements	June 30, 2012	One Year
Bonds	\$	-	\$12,565,000	\$	-	\$ 12,565,000	\$ 545,000
Less: Discount			(48,296)	(	5,076)	(43,220)	(5,076)
Total	\$		<u>\$12,516,704</u>	( <u>\$</u>	5,076)	\$ 12,521,780	\$ 539,924

Individual issues of debt payable outstanding at June 30, 2012, are as follows:

#### Bonds:

Lincoln Public Financing Authority Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2000 issued December 2000 in the total amount of \$12,275,000, of which \$5,625,000 is considered a liability of the former Redevelopment Agency and is payable in annual installments of \$235,000 to \$580,000, with an interest rate of 4.25% to 5.90% and maturity on September 15, 2017. The bonds were used to refund the 1989 Refunding Revenue Bonds and the Lincoln Public Financing Authority Revenue Bonds Series 1994.

\$ 1,780,000

Lincoln Public Financing Authority Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds Series 2004A, issued October 20, 2004 in the amount of \$8,720,000 and payable in annual installments of \$305,000 to \$925,000, with an interest rate of 3.50% to 4.80% and maturity on September 15, 2026. The bonds were used to finance redevelopment activities.

8,720,000

Lincoln Public Financing Authority Housing Set Aside Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds Series 2004B (Taxable), issued October 20, 2004 in the amount of \$2,370,000 and payable in annual installments of \$35,000 to \$160,000, with an interest rate of 5.00% to 5.70% and maturity on September 15, 2033. The bonds were used to finance low and moderate income housing activities.

2,065,000

Total Loans <u>\$ 12,565,000</u>

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### **NOTE 15: OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)**

### B. Successor Agency Trust for Assets of Former Redevelopment Agency (Continued)

Following is a schedule of debt payment requirements to maturity for long-term debt:

	Loans						
Year Ended	Principal	Interest	Total				
2013	\$ 545,000	\$ 611,865	\$ 1,156,865				
2014	580,000	579,040	1,159,040				
2015	610,000	548,420	1,158,420				
2016	640,000	515,414	1,155,414				
2017	675,000	479,745	1,154,745				
2018-2022	3,915,000	1,854,218	5,769,218				
2023-2027	4,655,000	832,838	5,487,838				
2025-2032	635,000	182,543	817,543				
2033-2034	310,000	17,955	327,955				
Total	<u>\$ 12,565,000</u>	\$ 5,622,038	<u>\$ 18,187,038</u>				

#### **C.** Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated events subsequent to June 30, 2012 through January 10, 2013, the date on which the financial statements were available for issuance. Management has determined no subsequent events requiring disclosure have occurred.

#### **D.** Joint Agencies

The Northern California Cities Self-Insurance Fund (NCCSIF) is a joint powers authority organized to provide for a banking plan whereby the member cities can share in the administrative costs of providing liability and worker's compensation insurance. The NCCSIF is governed by the Board of Directors appointed by the member Cities. Complete audited financial statements can be obtained from the Program Administrator, 600 Montgomery Street, 9<sup>th</sup> Floor, San Francisco, CA 94111.

#### NOTE 16: SPECIAL ASSESSMENT DEBT WITH NO CITY COMMITMENT

The City acts as an agent for the property owners in collecting special assessments, forwarding the collections to bondholders, and initiating foreclosure proceedings, when appropriate. The City is not liable for repayment of the special assessment debt, and accordingly, the special assessment debt is not reflected in the accompanying basic financial statements. Cash held on deposit and corresponding amounts payable are reported in the Agency Funds.

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### NOTE 16: SPECIAL ASSESSMENT DEBT WITH NO CITY COMMITMENT (CONTINUED)

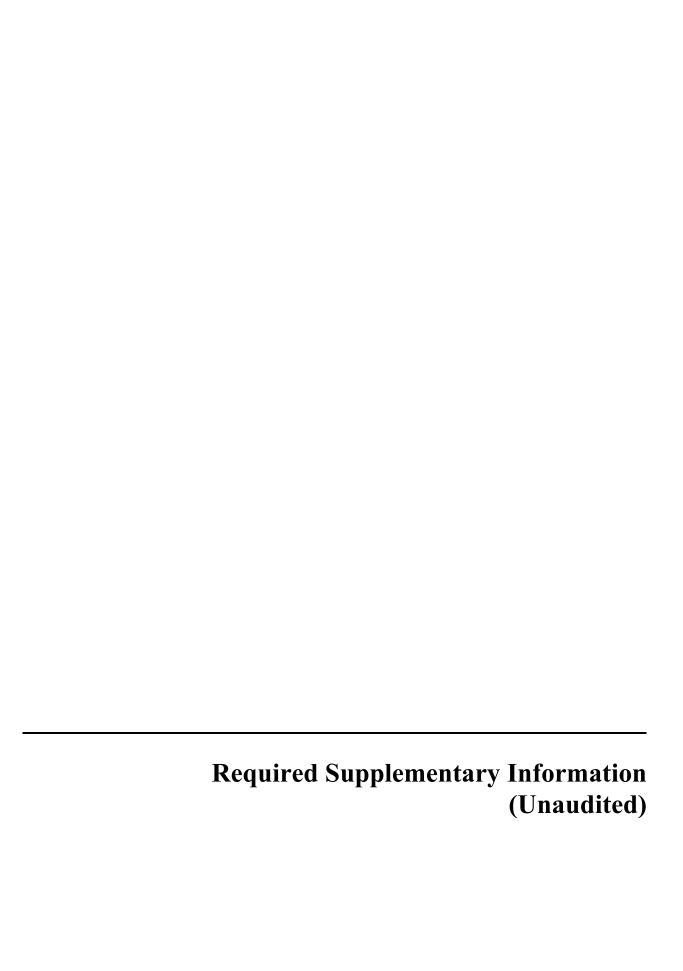
Assessment Debt	Project <u>Description</u>	Original Amount	Outstanding June 30, 2012
Special Tax Bonds, Series 1998 Lincoln Airpark 98-1	Lincoln Airpark	\$ 3,380,000	\$ 2,200,000
Refunding Bond, Series 2011A Twelve Bridges Series 204	Twelve Bridges	28,305,000	28,305,000
Refunding Bond, Series 2011B Twelve Bridges Series 204	Twelve Bridges	13,495,000	13,495,000
Limited Obligation Improv. Bond Foskett Ranch Series 2004-3	Foskett Ranch	6,000,000	3,935,000
Special Tax Bonds, Series 2006 Lakeside CFO Series 2006-1	Lakeside	7,310,000	7,160,000
Special Tax Revenue Bonds 2007 Special Tax Revenue Bond 2007 A&B	Lincoln Crossing	102,870,000	97,534,400
Special Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2009 CFD Sorrento Series 2009	Sorrento Project	2,190,000	2,160,000

#### NOTE 17: FINANCIAL CONDITION

Certain funds of the City have negative unrestricted fund balances without an immediate revenue source to cover these negative amounts, and management is projecting that the unassigned General Fund and Development Services fund balances will be negative by the end of fiscal year 2015/16 and 2014/15 respectively, even with layoffs currently reflected in the budget. The City's Public Facility Elements (PFE) Funds, whose primary revenue source is development impact fees, have a negative fund balance of \$20,658,177 because of infrastructure projects, which included the City Hall, fire stations, parks, sewer and water facilities and other support structures, being constructed during a significant growth period in the City, and then the City experienced a significant reduction in these development fees, leaving an insufficient revenue source to cover the cost of these projects. This deficit fund balance is being supported by the City's Water Connection Fund, which is restricted for future water capacity. The Water Connection Fund does not have an immediate need for its fund balance for capacity expansion so the borrowing by the PFE Fund does not create a hardship for the Water Connection Fund at this time.

The General Fund has a positive fund balance of \$3,533,294 as of June 30, 2012, after deducting nonspendable and amounts committed by the City Council for various purposes. Management has prepared budget projections over the next five years that show the General Fund and the Development Services will be in a deficit fund balance position by the end of fiscal year 2015/16 and 2014/15 respectively. The Airport Fund has a negative unrestricted net assets deficit of \$4,910,271 as a result of operating losses over the years. The Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency currently owes \$4,469,781 to the City and the agency funds owe \$270,469 to the City. The significant amounts owed to the City by outside agencies need to be considered in determining the City's financial health.

Management has significantly cut costs over the past couple of years to sustain the positive General Fund balance, and is currently considering other cost-cutting measures going forward. The City Council created the Fiscal Sustainability Committee to address the financial condition of the City, which issued a report in early 2012 containing recommendations to help ensure the long-term fiscal stability of the City.





# Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### 1. SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Schedule of Funding Progress - Other Postemployment Benefits provides a consolidated snapshot of the City's ability to meet current and future liabilities with the plan assets. Of particular interest to most is the funded status ratio. This ratio conveys a plan's level of assets to liabilities, an important indicator to determine the financial health of the OPEB plan. The closer the plan is to a 100% funded status, the better position it will be in to meet all of its future liabilities.

The table below shows a three year analysis of the actuarial value of assets as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability as a percentage of the annual covered payroll for the City Other Postemployment Benefit Plan.

				Actuarial				
				Accrued				UAAL as a
	Actuaria	.1	Lial	oility (AAL)-	Unfunded			Percentage
Actuarial	Value of			Simplified	AAL	Funded	Covered	Of Covered
Valuation	Assets			Entry Age	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Date	(a)			( b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
July 1, 2005	\$	-	\$	5,460,915	\$ 5,460,915	0.0%	\$14,914,044	36.6%
July 1, 2009		-		8,551,351	8,551,351	0.0%	13,098,294	65.3%
July 1, 2011		-		1,251,831	1,251,831	0.0%	10,673,967	11.7%

#### 2. INFRASTRUCTURE ASSETS REPORTING USING THE MODIFIED APPROACH

The City elected to use the Modified Approach as defined by GASB Statement No. 34 for infrastructure reporting of its Street and Pavement System. The City commissioned a physical assessment of the streets conditions during the 02/03 fiscal year. This assessment will be performed every 3 years. Each homogeneous segment of the City Pavement Condition Index (PCI) was assigned to each street segment. The index is expressed in a continuous scale for 0 to 100, where 0 is assigned to the least acceptable physical condition and 100 is assigned to segments of street that have the physical characteristics of a new street. The following conditions were defined: excellent physical condition is assigned to segments with a scale rating between 100 and 85, good condition is assigned to segments with a scale rating between 84 and 70, fair condition is assigned to segments with a scale rating between 69 and 55, poor condition is assigned to segments with scale rating between 40 and 54. The City's policy relative to maintaining the street assets is to achieve a minimum rating of 70 for all street segments. This acceptable rating allows minor cracking and raveling of the pavement along with minor roughness that could be noticeable to drivers traveling at the posted speeds.

# Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

# 2. INFRASTRUCTURE ASSETS REPORTING USING THE MODIFIED APPROACH (CONTINUED)

As of June 30, the City's maintained road system was rated at a PCI index as follows:

PCI Rating	Number of Miles	Percentage	
Arterial:			
Excellence (85-100)	24.47	10.83%	
Good (70-84)	2.00	0.88%	
Fair (55-69)	0.59	0.26%	
Poor (40-54)	0.65	0.29%	
Failed (0-39)	1.63	0.72%	
Collector:			
Excellence (85-100)	31.11	13.76%	
Good (70-84)	3.46	1.53%	
Fair (55-69)	1.71	0.76%	
Poor (40-54)	3.62	1.60%	
Failed (0-39)	4.86	2.15%	
Local:			
Excellence (85-100)	130.00	57.52%	
Good (70-84)	4.54	2.01%	
Fair (55-69)	2.64	1.17%	
Poor (40-54)	4.92	2.18%	
Failed (0-39)	5.18	2.29%	
Alleys:			
Excellence (85-100)	3.33	1.47%	
Good (70-84)	-	0.00%	
Fair (55-69)	-	0.00%	
Poor (40-54)	-	0.00%	
Failed (0-39)	1.32	0.58%	
Total	226.03	100.00%	

# Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

# 2. INFRASTRUCTURE ASSETS REPORTING USING THE MODIFIED APPROACH (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2012, actual maintenance and preservation costs were less than estimated by \$485,011.

Pavement	Estimated Maintenance and	Actual Maintenance and	
Management	Preservation	Preservation	<b>V</b> :
System	Costs	Costs	Variance
\$ 539,384	\$ 539,384	\$ 837,929	\$ 298,545
1,476,338	1,476,338	851,245	( 625,093)
1,030,376	1,030,376	801,171	( 229,205)
2,189,872	2,189,872	1,425,773	(764,099)
1,669,629	1,669,629	1,111,748	( 557,881)
2,144,885	2,514,406	1,266,759	(1,247,647)
1,994,066	1,710,652	1,520,371	( 190,281)
1,388,217	2,437,290	982,012	(1,455,278)
2,663,776	2,592,981	1,048,157	( 1,544,824)
4,898,856	3,222,242	2,737,231	( 485,011)
	Management  System  \$ 539,384  1,476,338  1,030,376  2,189,872  1,669,629  2,144,885  1,994,066  1,388,217  2,663,776	Pavement and Maintenance and System Costs  \$ 539,384 \$ 539,384   1,476,338   1,476,338   1,030,376   2,189,872   2,189,872   2,189,872   1,669,629   2,144,885   2,514,406   1,994,066   1,710,652   1,388,217   2,437,290   2,663,776   2,592,981	Pavement         Maintenance         Maintenance           Management         Preservation         Preservation           System         Costs         Costs           \$ 539,384         \$ 539,384         \$ 837,929           1,476,338         1,476,338         851,245           1,030,376         1,030,376         801,171           2,189,872         2,189,872         1,425,773           1,669,629         1,669,629         1,111,748           2,144,885         2,514,406         1,266,759           1,994,066         1,710,652         1,520,371           1,388,217         2,437,290         982,012           2,663,776         2,592,981         1,048,157

# Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

DEVENING	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	ф о <i>лет т</i> го	ф 0.565.550	¢ 10, 405, 510	Φ 050.063
Taxes	\$ 9,565,550 124,000	\$ 9,565,550 124,000	\$10,425,512 133,622	\$ 859,962 9,622
Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures	102,000	102,000	100,522	(1,478)
Use of money and property	24,900	24,900	67,006	42,106
Intergovernmental	175,084	177,764	123,240	(54,524)
Charges for services	901,201	904,801	956,339	51,538
Other revenues	271,628	271,628	324,194	52,566
Total Revenues	11,164,363	11,170,643	12,130,435	959,792
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	2,034,640	2,022,640	2,249,529	(226,889)
Public safety	8,861,466	8,882,883	8,378,080	504,803
Public works and facilities	72,426	82,426	274,912	(192,486)
Culture and recreation	855,589	855,589	571,875	283,714
Urban redevelopment and housing Education	36,812 439,901	68,986 439,901	440,276	68,986 (375)
Education	439,901	439,901	440,270	(373)
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	12,300,834	12,352,425	11,914,672	437,753
<b>Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures</b>	(1,136,471)	(1,181,782)	215,763	1,397,545
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	316,273	317,773	317,773	_
Transfers out	(203,252)	(203,252)	(203,283)	(31)
<b>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>	113,021	114,521	114,490	(31)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,023,450)	(1,067,261)	330,253	1,397,514
Fund Balances - Beginning	5,827,625	5,827,625	5,827,625	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 4,804,175	\$ 4,760,364	\$ 6,157,878	\$ 1,397,514

# Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Street Fund - Major Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

DEVENIUE	Original Final Budget Budget		Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Use of money and property Intergovernmental Other revenues	\$ 18,750 1,030,500	\$ 18,750 1,030,500	\$ 8,802 1,646,880 70,240	\$ (9,948) 616,380 70,240	
<b>Total Revenues</b>	1,049,250	1,049,250	1,725,922	676,672	
EXPENDITURES  Current: Public works and facilities Capital outlay	1,048,572 1,977,702	1,048,572 1,975,408	2,670,032 23,982	(1,621,460) 1,951,426	
Total Expenditures	3,026,274	3,023,980	2,694,014	329,966	
<b>Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures</b>	(1,977,024)	(1,974,730)	(968,092)	1,006,638	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out	(38,809)	225,665 (38,809)	225,665 (39,186)	(377)	
<b>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>	(38,809)	186,856	186,479	(377)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,015,833)	(1,787,874)	(781,613)	1,006,261	
Fund Balances - Beginning	2,471,072	2,471,072	2,471,072		
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 455,239	\$ 683,198	\$ 1,689,459	\$ 1,006,261	

## Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Public Facility Element (PFE) - Major Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	<b>4 55.010</b>	Φ 55.010	Φ 00.555	Φ 24.5.5
Use of money and property	\$ 55,812 1,043,062	\$ 55,812 1,043,062	\$ 90,577	\$ 34,765
Intergovernmental Charges for services	379,727	697,727	1,428,531 1,066,651	385,469 368,924
Charges for services	319,121	097,727	1,000,031	300,924
<b>Total Revenues</b>	1,478,601	1,796,601	2,585,759	789,158
EXPENDITURES				
Current:	7.000	<b>7</b> 000	4.505	402
Public works and facilities	5,000	5,000	4,597	403
Education Debt service:	79,895	469,189	50,051	419,138
Interest and other charges			40,376	(40,376)
Capital outlay	_	_	438,499	(438,499)
Capital outlay			+30,+77	(+30,+77)
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	84,895	474,189	533,523	(59,334)
<b>Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures</b>	1,393,706	1,322,412	2,052,236	729,824
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	- (7.222)	- (40 < 200)	- (410.140)	- (2.050)
Transfers out	(7,332)	(406,280)	(410,149)	(3,869)
<b>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>	(7,332)	(406,280)	(410,149)	(3,869)
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,386,374	916,132	1,642,087	725,955
Fund Balances - Beginning	(22,635,975)	(22,635,975)	(22,635,975)	-
Prior period adjustment			335,711	335,711
Fund Balances - Beginning, Restated	(22,635,975)	(22,635,975)	(22,300,264)	335,711
Fund Balances - Ending	\$(21,249,601)	\$(21,719,843)	\$(20,658,177)	\$ 1,061,666

## Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Water Connections - Major Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

DEVENIEG	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES	¢ 200 <i>556</i>	¢ 200 <i>556</i>	¢ 202.220	¢ (6.226)	
Use of money and property	\$ 308,556	\$ 308,556	\$ 302,330	\$ (6,226)	
<b>Total Revenues</b>	308,556	308,556	302,330	(6,226)	
EXPENDITURES					
Capital outlay	-	-	32,830	(32,830)	
1					
Total Expenditures			32,830	(32,830)	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	308,556	308,556	269,500	(39,056)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out	861,000 (12,255)	86,100 (12,255)	1,541,964 (12,255)	1,455,864	
<b>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>	848,745	73,845	1,529,709	1,455,864	
<b>Net Change in Fund Balance</b>	1,157,301	382,401	1,799,209	1,416,808	
Fund Balances - Beginning	22,054,572	22,054,572	22,054,572		
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 23,211,873	\$ 22,436,973	\$ 23,853,781	\$ 1,416,808	

# Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Assessment Districts - Major Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

DEVENIUE	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES	ф. <b>2</b> 010 <b>5</b> 14	Φ 2 010 514	Φ 2 001 072	Ф 101.22	
Special assessments	\$ 2,810,514	\$ 2,810,514	\$ 2,991,852	\$ 181,33	
Use of money and property Other revenues	56,836	56,836	77,742	20,90	
Other revenues			3,956	3,95	0
<b>Total Revenues</b>	2,867,350	2,867,350	3,073,550	206,20	00_
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government	-	-	28,148	(28,14	8)
Public works and facilities	2,306,491	2,421,344	1,709,993	711,35	
Capital outlay	8,000	6,000	5,908	9	2
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	2,314,491	2,427,344	1,744,049	683,29	5
<b>Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures</b>	552,859	440,006	1,329,501	889,49	95
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	_	_	201.044	201.04	4
Transfers out	(23,509)	(23,509)	(224,781)	(201,27	
<b>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>	(23,509)	(23,509)	(23,737)	(22	28)
Net Change in Fund Balance	529,350	416,497	1,305,764	889,26	57
Fund Balances - Beginning	6,856,149	6,856,149	6,856,149		
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 7,385,499	\$ 7,272,646	\$ 8,161,913	\$ 889,26	57

## Required Supplementary Information Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### 1. BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, Special Revenue funds, Capital Project funds, Debt Service funds, Permanent funds and Enterprise funds and is controlled at the department level for the City. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

The following procedures are performed by the City in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- (1) In May of each year the Finance Department is to submit to the City Council a recommended operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes recommended expenditures and the means of financing them.
  - Public hearings are to be conducted at City Hall to obtain taxpayer comments. Generally by the first of July, after adjustment as appropriate by the City Council, the budget is to be legally enacted through council motion.
- (2) Council approval is required for transfers between funds, or for an increase in total appropriations. Therefore, the level of budgetary responsibility is by total appropriations; however, for report purposes, this level has been expanded to a functional basis (General Government, Public Safety, etc.).
- (3) Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control devise during the year for the General fund and special revenue funds. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Accordingly, actual revenues and expenditures can be compared with related budgeted amounts without any significant adjustments.
- (4) All unused appropriations for budgeted amounts lapse at the end of the year.
- (5) Individual fund budgetary comparisons are not presented at the detail budget unit level due to their excessive length. A separate document presenting this information is available.

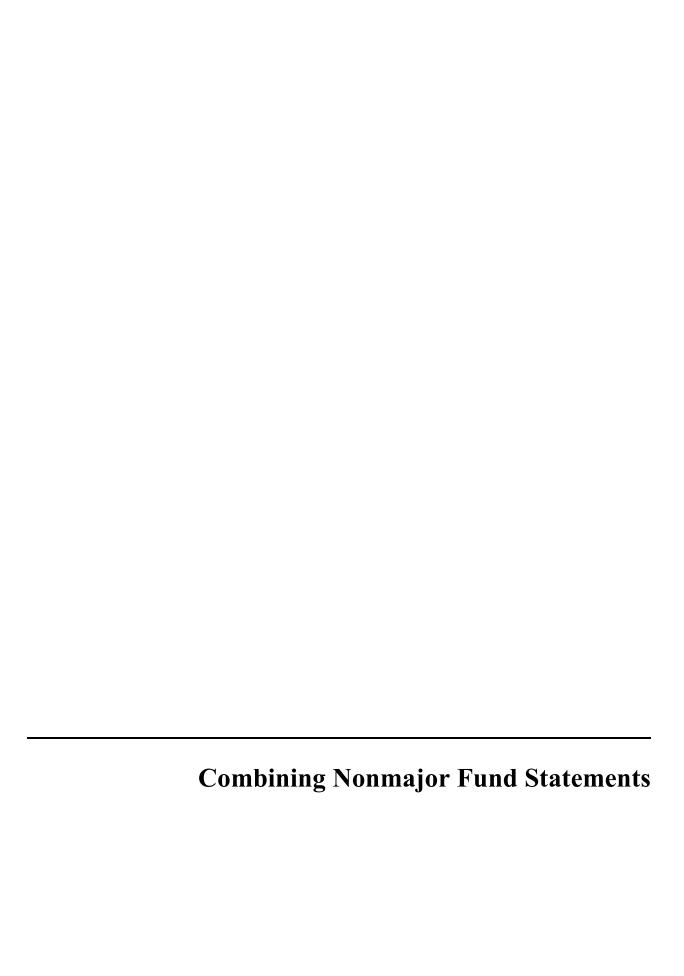
The City does not use encumbrance accounting under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation.

#### 2. EXPENDITURES IN EXCESS OF APPROPRIATIONS

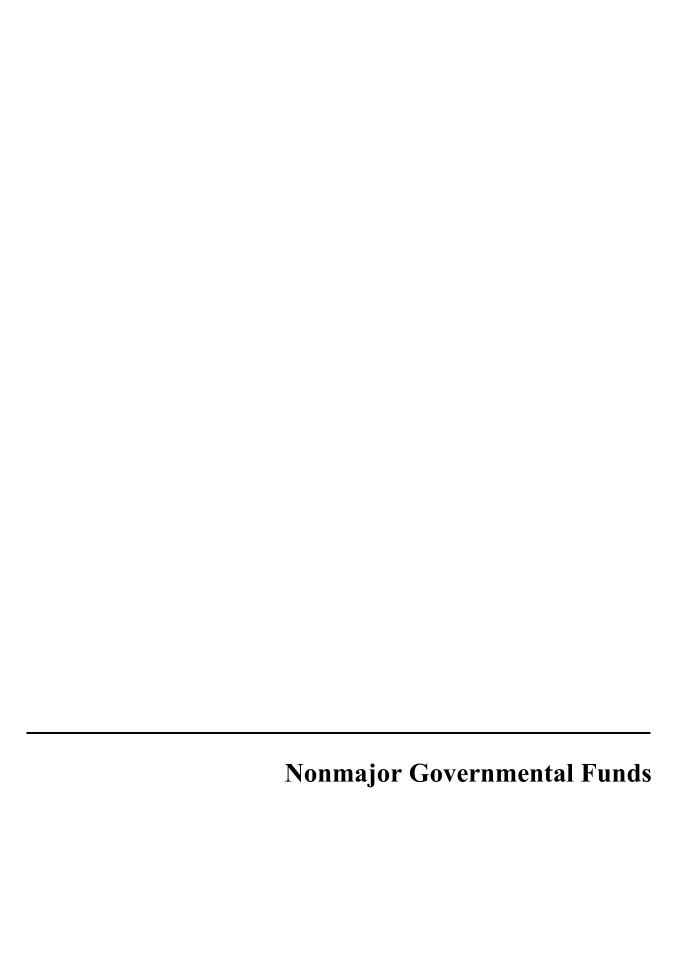
For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, the City incurred expenditures in excess of appropriations as follows:

					Excess of
					Expenditures
					Over
	Appr	opriations	Exp	penditures	<b>Appropriations</b>
Public Facility Element (PFE)	\$	474,189	\$	533,523	\$59,334
Water Connections		-		32,830	32,830









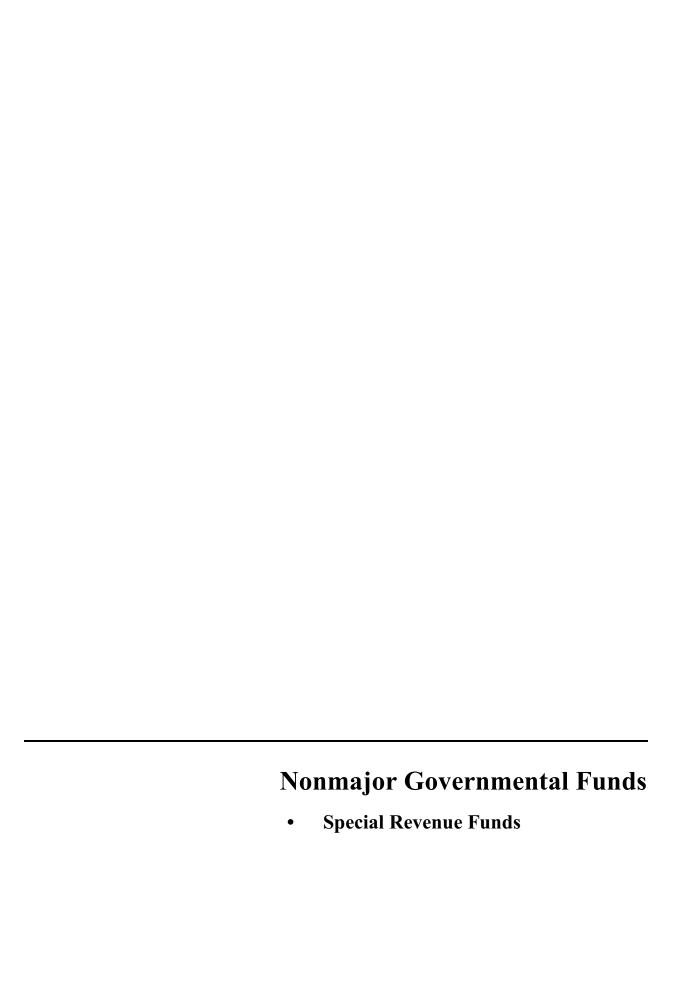


# Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2012

	Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Funds	Capital Projects Funds	Permanent Funds	Totals
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$ 7,703,947	\$ 1,446,646	\$ 147,200	\$ 472,774	\$ 9,770,567
Accounts receivable (net of allowance)	(3,921)	_	-	_	(3,921)
Interest receivable	1,882	164	16	52	2,114
Taxes receivable	1,236,899	-	=	=	1,236,899
Due from other governments	4,301	-	=	=	4,301
Due from other agencies	270,469	-	-	-	270,469
Due from other funds	6,152,553	-	-	-	6,152,553
Investment in JPA	47,299	-	-	-	47,299
Advances to other funds	2,298,490	-	-	-	2,298,490
Restricted cash and investments	456,909	2,144,631	684,697	16,252	3,302,489
Loans receivable	3,410,969				3,410,969
<b>Total Assets</b>	\$ 21,579,797	\$ 3,591,441	\$ 831,913	\$ 489,078	\$ 26,492,229
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 685,213	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 239	\$ 685,452
Accrued salaries and benefits	52,126	-	-	-	52,126
Other accrued liabilities	82,170	-	-	-	82,170
Deposits payable	485,011	-	-	-	485,011
Retention payable	30,447	-	-	-	30,447
Due to other funds	1,442,763	-	91,073	-	1,533,836
Deferred revenue	22,349	-	-	-	22,349
Unearned revenue	1,771,668				1,771,668
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	4,571,747		91,073	239	4,663,059
Fund Balances:					
Nonspendable	8,030,731	-	-	356,659	8,387,390
Restricted	10,393,297	3,591,441	740,840	132,180	14,857,758
Unassigned	(1,415,978)				(1,415,978)
<b>Total Fund Balances</b>	17,008,050	3,591,441	740,840	488,839	21,829,170
<b>Total Liabilities and Fund Balances</b>	\$ 21,579,797	\$ 3,591,441	\$ 831,913	\$ 489,078	\$ 26,492,229

## Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Funds	Capital Projects Funds	Permanent Funds	Totals
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 1,077,032	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,077,032
Licenses and permits	522,125	-	-	-	522,125
Fines and forfeitures	14,563	15.107	- 0.002	4.702	14,563
Use of money and property	230,598	15,197	8,802	4,793	259,390
Intergovernmental	3,095,914	-	-	-	3,095,914
Charges for services Other revenues	453,792 80,139	-	-	-	453,792 80,139
Other revenues	60,139				60,139
<b>Total Revenues</b>	5,474,163	15,197	8,802	4,793	5,502,955
EXPENDITURES					
Current:	264 214	7.265			271 570
General government	264,214	7,365	-	-	271,579
Public safety Public works and facilities	99,962 2,993,910	19,995	7,000	10,575	99,962 3,031,480
Urban development and housing	144,653	19,993	7,000	10,373	144,653
Debt service:	144,033	-	-	<del>-</del>	144,033
Principal Principal	50,000	1,130,000	_	_	1,180,000
Interest and other charges	133,190	1,381,443	_	_	1,514,633
Capital outlay	1,590,113	1,301,443	_	_	1,590,113
Total Expenditures	5,276,042	2,538,803	7,000	10,575	7,832,420
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	198,121	(2,523,606)	1,802	(5,782)	(2,329,465)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	2.165	2 < 41 255	10		2 < 14 550
Transfers in	3,165	2,641,375	10	-	2,644,550
Transfers out	(1,424,671)	(192,369)	(228,665)		(1,845,705)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,421,506)	2,449,006	(228,655)	-	798,845
Extraordinary gain (loss)	(3,508,209)	(1,042,029)	(2,003,639)		(6,553,877)
	(3,300,20))	(1,012,02)	(2,003,033)		
Net Change in Fund Balances	(4,731,594)	(1,116,629)	(2,230,492)	(5,782)	(8,084,497)
Fund Balances - Beginning	11,060,754	4,708,070	27,073,397	494,621	43,336,842
Prior period adjustment	10,678,890		(24,102,065)		(13,423,175)
Fund Balances - Beginning, Restated	21,739,644	4,708,070	2,971,332	494,621	29,913,667
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 17,008,050	\$ 3,591,441	\$ 740,840	\$ 488,839	\$ 21,829,170





#### **Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds**

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted or committed to expenditure for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects. Nonmajor special revenue funds are used by the City are listed below:

#### Park In-Lieu

Accounts for fees collected from developers in lieu of dedicating land for park or recreational purposes. Fees are used to purchase property for public parks.

#### Gas Tax

Accounts for receipts and expenditures of monies apportioned for road projects under the Street and Highway Code Section 2105, 2106, 2107 and 2107.5 of the State of California.

#### **Supplemental Fees**

Accounts for supplemental activities that are supported by external sources of funds.

#### Park and Recreation Tax

Accounts for monies received from the State and County to be used for traffic/street/transit improvements.

#### **Development Services**

Accounts for monies received in relation to all aspects of developing property and/or projects within the City. The activities are accounted for within the Community Development and Public Works Departments. Monies are received from license and permit costs and additional fees for services within the City of Lincoln and the surrounding areas.

#### **Police Grants**

Accounts for grants received for special police services.

#### **Revitalization and Rehabilitation Loans**

Accounts for revitalization and rehabilitation monies lent to local businesses and residents for revitalizing and rehabilitating homes and buildings.

#### **Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)**

Accounts for the City's participation in the Community Development Block Grant programs, which provides loans to businesses to generate jobs for new employees in the targeted income group (generally low income).

#### **HOME Investment Partnership Program**

Accounts for HOME Investment Partnership grants received for community services.

#### CITY OF LINCOLN Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

#### **Redevelopment Agency**

Accounts for redevelopment tax increment revenues received to provide the community with a tool for economic development.

#### **Low/Moderate Income Housing**

Accounts for the redevelopment tax increment revenues received to provide the community with a tool for economic development.

#### Oak Tree Mitigation

Accounts for monies received from developers to replace oak trees that have been removed for development of land.

#### **Other Special Revenue Funds**

Accounts for the activities of several Special Revenue Funds that include:

- State Grant Advance
- Cal Home Grants
- Other Federal Grants



# Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2012

	<u> </u>	Park In-Lieu	Gas Tax	Supplemental Fees		Parks and Recreation Tax	
ASSETS	ф	070 222	Φ 2 (01 221	Ф	100 160	ф	16,000
Cash and investments	\$	970,233	\$ 2,691,231	\$	129,168	\$	16,809
Accounts receivable (net of allowance) Interest receivable		107	295		345		2
Taxes receivable		107			343		2
Due from other governments		-	119,124		-		-
Due from other agencies		-	-		-		-
Due from other funds		-	4,609		3,000,000		-
Investment in JPA		-	7,309		3,000,000		_
Advances to other funds		_	7,309		_		_
Restricted cash and investments		_	_		_		_
Loans receivable					_		
<b>Total Assets</b>	\$	970,340	\$ 2,822,568	\$	3,129,513	\$	16,811
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$ 5,218	\$	_	\$	_
Accrued salaries and benefits	Ψ	_	9,769	Ψ	_	Ψ	_
Other accrued liabilities		_	-		_		_
Deposits payable		_	_		_		_
Retention payable		_	_		_		-
Due to other funds		_	_		_		_
Deferred revenue		_	-		-		_
Unearned revenue					204,300		39,936
<b>Total Liabilities</b>			14,987		204,300		39,936
Fund Balances:							
Nonspendable		-	7,309		3,000,000		-
Restricted		970,340	2,800,272		-		-
Unassigned					(74,787)		(23,125)
<b>Total Fund Balances</b>		970,340	2,807,581		2,925,213		(23,125)
<b>Total Liabilities and Fund Balances</b>	\$	970,340	\$ 2,822,568	\$	3,129,513	\$	16,811

Developr Service		Police Frants		vitalization and nabilitation Loans	Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)		Block Grant		HOME Investment Partnership Program		elopment gency	Low/Moderate Income Housing	Oak Tree Mitigation
\$ 866,		\$ 5,028	\$	793,676	\$	990,572	\$	131,203	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 605,972		
	921) 420	-		415		109		14	-	-	118		
	-	-		-		-		-	-	-	-		
4,	301	-		-		-		-	-	-	-		
2,950,		-		-		-		-	-	-	270,469 197,175		
39,	990	-		-		-		-	-	-	2 202 400		
	-	-		-		456,909		-	-	-	2,298,490		
		 		112,170		566,017		2,167,330	 				
\$ 3,858,	378	\$ 5,028	\$	906,261	\$	2,013,607	\$ 2	2,298,547	\$ 	\$ -	\$ 3,372,224		
	954	\$ - 4,126	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	5,040	\$	-	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ - -		
	170	-		-		-		-	-	-	10.017		
466,	194	-		-		-		-	-	-	18,817		
	-	-		-		919,308		100,682	-	-	-		
	-	-		-		-		-	-	-	-		
1,162,	432	 							 				
1,956,	933	 4,126				924,348		100,682	 		18,817		
2,724,	-	 902 -		906,261		1,426,892 (337,633)		- 2,197,865 -	 - - -	- - -	2,298,490 1,054,917		
1,901,	445_	902	_	906,261		1,089,259		2,197,865	 		3,353,407		
\$ 3,858,	378	\$ 5,028	\$	906,261	\$	2,013,607	\$ 2	2,298,547	\$ 	\$ -	\$ 3,372,224		

# Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2012

A CCEPTEC	Other Special Revenue Funds	Totals		
ASSETS	¢ 502.226	¢ 7.702.047		
Cash and investments	\$ 503,236	\$ 7,703,947		
Accounts receivable (net of allowance) Interest receivable	57	(3,921) 1,882		
Taxes receivable		1,236,899		
	1,117,775	4,301		
Due from other governments	-			
Due from other agencies  Due from other funds	-	270,469		
Investment in JPA	-	6,152,553		
Advances to other funds	-	47,299 2,298,490		
Restricted cash and investments	-	456,909		
Loans receivable	- 565 452	3,410,969		
Loans receivable	565,452	3,410,909		
Total Assets	\$ 2,186,520	\$ 21,579,797		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 462,772	\$ 685,213		
Accrued salaries and benefits	4,277	52,126		
Other accrued liabilities	-	82,170		
Deposits payable	-	485,011		
Retention payable	30,447	30,447		
Due to other funds	422,773	1,442,763		
Deferred revenue	22,349	22,349		
Unearned revenue	365,000	1,771,668		
Total Liabilities	1,307,618	4,571,747		
Fund Balances:				
Nonspendable	-	8,030,731		
Restricted	1,035,848	10,393,297		
Unassigned	(156,946)	(1,415,978)		
<b>Total Fund Balances</b>	878,902	17,008,050		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 2,186,520	\$ 21,579,797		



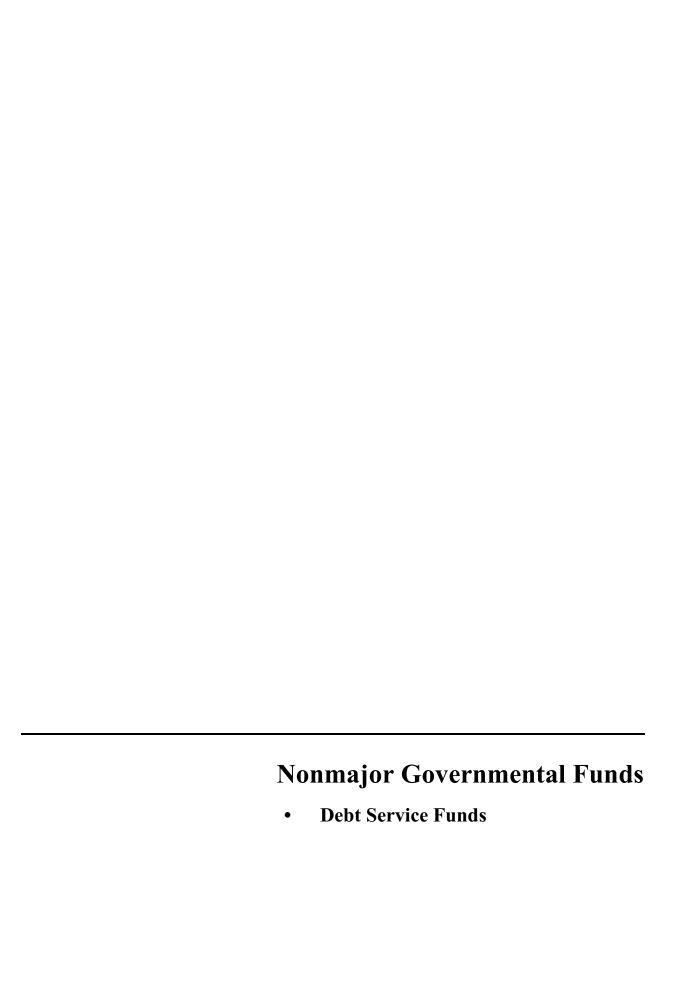
# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Park In-Lieu	Gas Tax	Supplemental Fees	Parks and Recreation Tax	
REVENUES	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 29,376	
Taxes and assessments Licenses and permits	<b>Ъ</b> -	<b>5</b> -	<b>Ъ</b> -	\$ 29,370	
Fines and forfeitures	_	_	_	_	
Use of money and property	9,000	24,297	30,403	429	
Intergovernmental		1,228,408	, <u>-</u>	-	
Charges for services	90,482	-	31,800	-	
Other revenues		60,650			
<b>Total Revenues</b>	99,482	1,313,355	62,203	29,805	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government	-	-	-	-	
Public safety Public works and facilities	38,245	371,185	-	-	
Urban development and housing	30,243	3/1,163	_	_	
Debt service:					
Principal	_	-	-	-	
Interest and other charges	-	-	-	-	
Capital outlay					
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	38,245	371,185			
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	61,237	942,170	62,203	29,805	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	-	-		-	
Transfers out			(316,273)		
<b>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>			(316,273)		
Extraordinary gain (loss)					
<b>Net Change in Fund Balance</b>	61,237	942,170	(254,070)	29,805	
Fund Balances - Beginning	909,103	1,865,411	3,179,283	(52,930)	
Prior period adjustment					
Fund Balances - Beginning, Restated	909,103	1,865,411	3,179,283	(52,930)	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 970,340	\$ 2,807,581	\$ 2,925,213	\$ (23,125)	

Development Services	Police Grants	Revitalization and Rehabilitation Loans	Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	HOME Investment Partnership Program	Redevelopment Agency	Low/Moderate Income Housing	Oak Tree Mitigation
\$ - 522,125	\$ - -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 838,125	\$ 209,531	\$ -
38,784 2,547 329,139 3,448	(38) 100,000	12,264 - -	16,990 - -	52,642 - -	15,660 - 700 16,041	(2,925)	25,901 - 1,671
896,043	99,962	12,264	16,990	52,642	870,526	206,606	27,572
1,737,295	99,962 - -	- - - 4,106	26,750 - - -	73,782 - -	163,682 - - 98,881	- - - 41,666	- - - -
- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	73,647	50,000 59,543	- - -
1,737,295	99,962	4,106	26,750	73,782	336,210	151,209	
(841,252)		8,158	(9,760)	(21,140)	534,316	55,397	27,572
1,500 (285,086)	- -		<u>-</u>	- -	1,665 (819,447)	(3,865)	<u>-</u>
(283,586)					(817,782)	(3,865)	
					1,057,295	(4,565,504)	
(1,124,838)		8,158	(9,760)	(21,140)	773,829	(4,513,972)	27,572
3,026,283	902	772,475	476,919	24,083	(4,603,438)	1,171,729	3,325,835
		125,628	622,100	2,194,922	3,829,609	3,342,243	
3,026,283	902	898,103	1,099,019	2,219,005	(773,829)	4,513,972	3,325,835
\$ 1,901,445	\$ 902	\$ 906,261	\$ 1,089,259	\$ 2,197,865	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,353,407

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

S Re 	Other pecial evenue 'unds	Totals
REVENUES		ф 1.077.02 <b>2</b>
Taxes \$ Licenses and permits	-	\$ 1,077,032 522,125
Fines and forfeitures	14,563	14,563
Use of money and property	7,191	230,598
	7,151	3,095,914
Charges for services	-	453,792
Other revenues		80,139
Total Revenues 1,	,786,713	5,474,163
EXPENDITURES		
Current:		
General government	-	264,214
Public safety	- 0.47.105	99,962
	847,185	2,993,910
Urban development and housing Debt service:	-	144,653
Principal		50,000
Interest and other charges	_	133,190
	590,113	1,590,113
Total Expenditures 2	,437,298	5,276,042
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(650,585)	198,121
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Transfers in	-	3,165
Transfers out		(1,424,671)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,421,506)
Extraordinary gain (loss)		(3,508,209)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(650,585)	(4,731,594)
Fund Balances - Beginning	965,099	11,060,754
Prior period adjustment	564,388	10,678,890
Fund Balances - Beginning, Restated 1,	,529,487	21,739,644
Fund Balances - Ending \$	878,902	\$ 17,008,050





# CITY OF LINCOLN Nonmajor Debt Service Funds

Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest. Nonmajor debt service funds used by the City are listed below:

#### **Lincoln Public Financing Authority Series 2006-1**

Accounts for debt service payments for the 2006 Lease Revenue Series 2004A Bonds which were used to construct the City administration facilities.

#### **Lincoln Public Financing Authority Series 2004A**

Accounts for the 2004 Special Tax Allocation Bonds which were used to finance certain redevelopment activities.

#### **Lincoln Public Financing Authority Series 2000**

Accounts for debt service payments on the 2000 Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds issued to finance certain public capital improvements.

#### **Lincoln Public Financing Authority Series 2003**

Accounts for the 2003 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds which were used to construct the public safety facility and the corporate yard project.

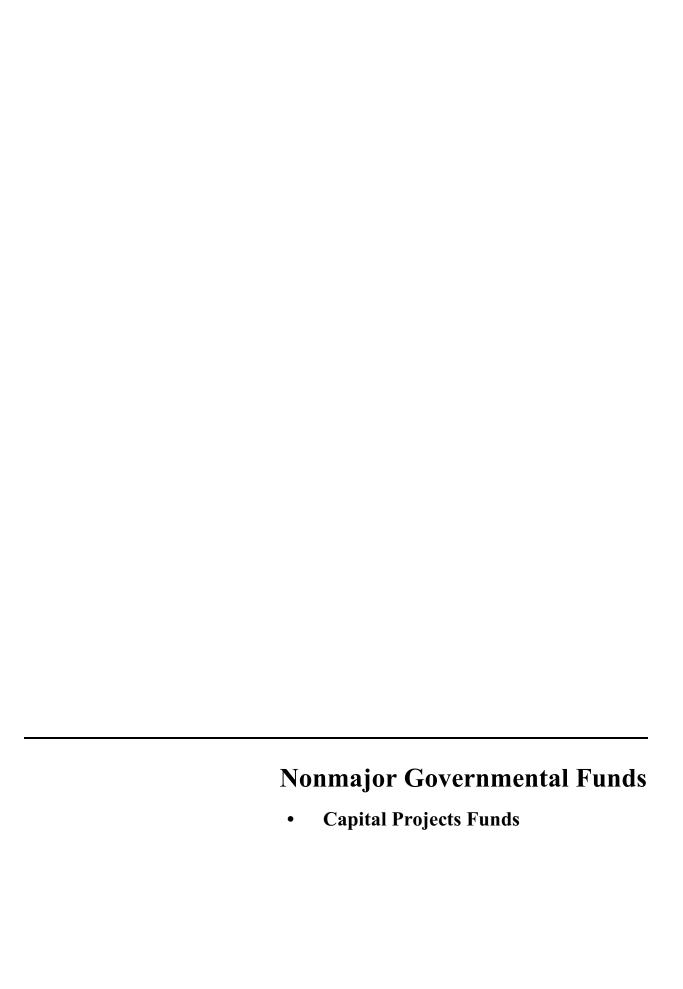


# Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Debt Service Funds June 30, 2012

	Lincoln Public Financing Authority Series 2006-1		Lincoln Public Financing Authority Series 2004A		Lincoln Public Financing Authority Series 2000		Lincoln Public Financing Authority Series 2003		T	otals
ASSETS	Ф	21.724	Ф		Ф 1 46	.4.012	Φ		Φ 1	116 616
Cash and investments Interest receivable	\$	21,734	\$	-	\$ 1,42	162	\$	-	\$ 1,	446,646 164
Restricted cash and investments		949,019			47	74,876		720,736	2,	144,631
<b>Total Assets</b>	\$	970,755	\$		\$ 1,89	99,950	\$	720,736	\$ 3,	591,441
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$		\$	-	\$		\$		\$	
<b>Total Liabilities</b>										
Fund Balances:		070 755			1.00	00.050		720 726	2	501 441
Restricted		970,755			1,85	99,950		720,736	3,	591,441
<b>Total Fund Balances</b>		970,755	-		1,89	99,950		720,736	3,	591,441
<b>Total Liabilities and Fund Balances</b>	\$	970,755	\$	-	\$ 1,89	99,950	\$	720,736	\$ 3,	591,441

### Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Debt Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Lincoln Public Financing Authority Series 2006		Lincoln Public Financing Authority Series 2004A	Lincoln Public Financing Authority Series 2000	Lincoln Public Financing Authority Series 2003	<u>Totals</u>	
REVENUES					_		
Use of money and property	\$ 22	1	\$ (5)	\$ 14,981	\$ -	\$ 15,197	
<b>Total Revenues</b>	22	1_	(5)	14,981		15,197	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government	6.00	-	- 150	7,365	-	7,365	
Public works and facilities	6,93	6	6,150	-	6,909	19,995	
Debt service:	290,00	Λ		515,000	325,000	1 120 000	
Principal Interest and other charges	657,87		192,359	515,000 143,801	387,408	1,130,000 1,381,443	
interest and other charges	037,87	<u></u>	192,339	143,601	367,406	1,361,443	
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	954,81	1	198,509	666,166	719,317	2,538,803	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(954,59	0)	(198,514)	(651,185)	(719,317)	(2,523,606)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	947,87	5	390,868	583,315	719,317	2,641,375	
Transfers out	(1		(192,359)	-	-	(192,369)	
<b>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>	947,86	5	198,509	583,315	719,317	2,449,006	
Extraordinary gain (loss)			(1,042,029)		. <u> </u>	(1,042,029)	
<b>Net Change in Fund Balance</b>	(6,72	5)	(1,042,034)	(67,870)	-	(1,116,629)	
Fund Balances - Beginning	977,48	0_	1,042,034	1,967,820	720,736	4,708,070	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 970,75	5	\$ -	\$ 1,899,950	\$ 720,736	\$ 3,591,441	





# CITY OF LINCOLN Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

The Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for capital outlay. Nonmajor capital projects funds used by the City are listed below:

#### **Lincoln Public Financing Authority City Hall Series 2006**

Accounts for construction of the City administration facility.

#### **Lincoln Redevelopment Agency Series 2004A**

Accounts for the proceeds used to finance certain redevelopment activities of the Redevelopment Agency of the City of Lincoln (the "Agency").

#### **Nicolaus Road Redemption**

Accounts for resources received for construction or purchase of improvements within the assessment district.

#### **Lincoln Public Financing Authority Series 2003**

Accounts for the Lincoln Public Financing Authority Lease Revenue Bond proceeds provided for the acquisition and improvement of a municipal corporation yard and public safety facility.

#### **Capital Improvements**

Accounts for bond proceeds, federal and local funds and transfers from other funds which are designated for various buildings and general improvements.

#### **Twelve Bridges Capital Projects**

Accounts for construction or purchase of improvements within the Twelve Bridges assessment district.

#### **Highway 65 Capital Projects**

Accounts for resources received for work on Highway 65.

#### **Aiken Ranch Financial District Improvements**

Accounts for resources received for construction or purchase of improvements within the assessment district.

#### Lakeside Community Facilities District (CFD) Capital Projects

Accounts for construction or purchase of improvements within the Lakeside assessment district.

#### **Lincoln Crossing Capital Projects**

Accounts for resources received for construction or purchase of improvements within the assessment district.

#### **Foskett Ranch Series 2004-3**

Accounts for resources received to construct improvements at Foskett Ranch.





# Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds June 30, 2012

	Lincoln Public						I	Lincoln
	Fi	inancing	Lin	coln				Public
	A	uthority	Redeve	lopment	Nicolaus		Fi	nancing
		ity Hall	Agency		Road		Authority	
	•		Series 2004A		Redemption		Series 2003	
ASSETS						p		100 2000
Cash and investments	\$	147,200	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Interest receivable	Ψ	147,200	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	
				-		-		176 225
Restricted cash and investments	-	508,472						176,225
Total Assets	•	655,688	\$		•		\$	176,225
Total Assets	\$	033,000	- Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	170,223
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								04.0=0
Due to other funds	\$	-	\$		\$		\$	91,073
T-4-1 T :-1:1:4:								01.072
Total Liabilities		-						91,073
Fund Balances:								
								07.170
Restricted		655,688						85,152
T-4-1 F 1 D-1		CEE COO						05 152
Total Fund Balances		655,688						85,152
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	655,688	\$	_	\$	_	\$	176,225
Total Liabilities and Fund Dalances	Ψ	055,000	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	170,223

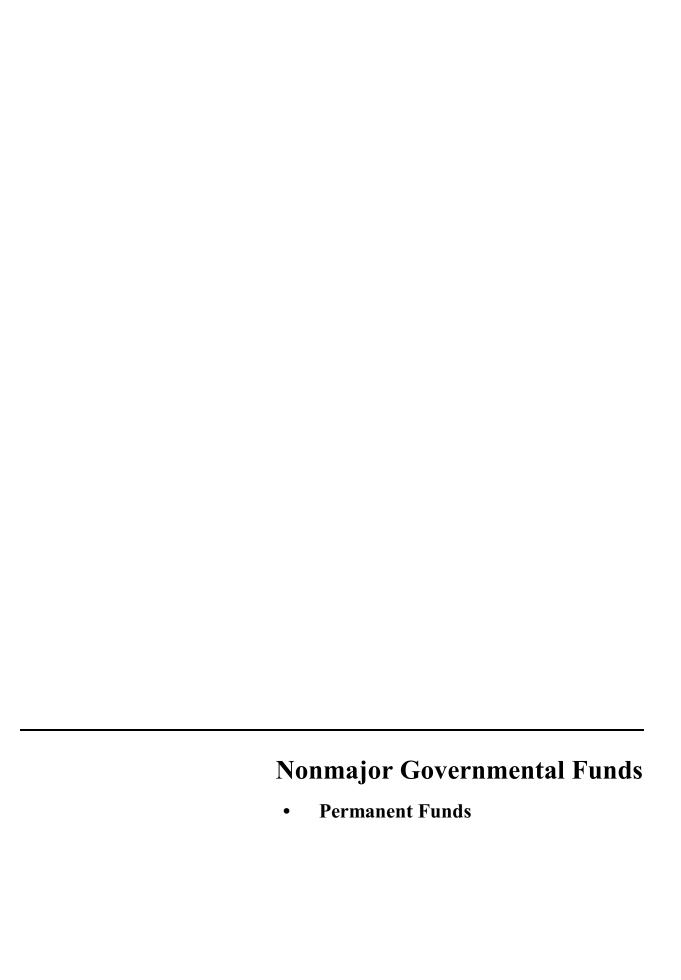
Capital Improvements	Twelve Bridges Capital Projects	Highway 65 Capital Projects	Aiken Ranch Financial District Improvements	Lakeside CFD Improvement Area	Lincoln Crossing Capital Projects	Foskett Ranch Series 2004-3	Totals	
\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ 147,200 16 684,697	
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 831,913	
\$	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 91,073	
		<del>-</del> _		<del>-</del>			91,073	
							740,840	
							740,840	
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 831,913	

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Lincoln Publ Financing Authority City Hall Series 2006	Lincoln Redevelopment Agency	Nicolaus Road Redemption	Lincoln Public Financing Authority Series 2003	
REVENUES Use of money and property	\$ 1,493	\$ 5,446	\$ 1,863	\$ -	
Total Revenues	1,493		1,863		
EXPENDITURES  Current:  Public works and facilities		<u> </u>	7,000		
Total Expenditures		<u> </u>	7,000		
<b>Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures</b>	1,493	5,446	(5,137)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out	10	<u>-</u>	(228,665)	<u> </u>	
<b>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>	10	<u> </u>	(228,665)		
Extraordinary gain (loss)		(2,003,639)			
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,503	(1,998,193)	(233,802)		
Fund Balances - Beginning	654,185	1,998,193	233,802	85,152	
Prior period adjustment		<u> </u>			
Fund Balances - Beginning, Restated	654,185	1,998,193	233,802	85,152	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 655,688	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 85,152	

Capital Improvements	Twelve Bridges Capital Projects	Highway 65 Capital Projects	Aiken Ranch Financial District Improvements	Lakeside CFD Improvement Area	Lincoln Crossing Capital Projects	Foskett Ranch Series 2004-3	Totals
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,802
							8,802
							7,000
							7,000
							1,802
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10 (228,665)
							(228,655)
							(2,003,639)
<u>-</u>							(2,230,492)
4,013,769	10,632,516	2,634,110	4,175	2,754,294	3,850,039	213,162	27,073,397
(4,013,769)	(10,632,516)	(2,634,110)	(4,175)	(2,754,294)	(3,850,039)	(213,162)	(24,102,065)
							2,971,332
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 740,840







#### **Nonmajor Permanent Funds**

Permanent Funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting of the City's programs. Nonmajor permanent funds of the City are listed below:

#### **Stormwater Retention Maintenance**

Accounts for resources received for the purpose of protecting open space easements surrounding the stormwater retention area.

#### **Suncal Open Space Endowment**

Accounts for resources received for the purpose of preserving the open space endowment at the Suncal-Lincoln Crossing.

#### **Brookview Open Space Maintenance Trust**

Accounts for resources received for the purpose of preserving the open space within the Brookview 4 subdivision.

#### **Sterling Point Endowment**

Accounts for resources received for the purpose of protecting the open space and wetland habitat at Sterling Point.

#### **WWTRF Tertiary Storage Basin Maintenance**

Accounts for resources received for the purpose of providing erosion protection and vegetation control for the WWTRF storage basins.

#### Lincoln Aircenter

Accounts for resources received for the purpose of providing open space maintenance and management of the Lincoln Aircenter Open Space.





## Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Permanent Funds June 30, 2012

			Suncal Open Space Endowment		Op Mai	ookview en Space intenance Trust		terling Point lowment
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$	31,633	\$	241,873	\$	_	\$	58,892
Interest receivable	Ψ	31,033	Ψ	27	Ψ	_	Ψ	50,072
Restricted cash and investments						16,252		
Total Assets	\$	31,636	\$	241,900	\$	16,252	\$	58,898
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:						•••		
Accounts payable	\$		\$		\$	239	\$	
Total Liabilities						239		
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		25,439		221,220		5,000		50,000
Restricted		6,197		20,680		11,013		8,898
<b>Total Fund Balances</b>		31,636		241,900		16,013		58,898
<b>Total Liabilities and Fund Balances</b>	\$	31,636	\$	241,900	\$	16,252	\$	58,898

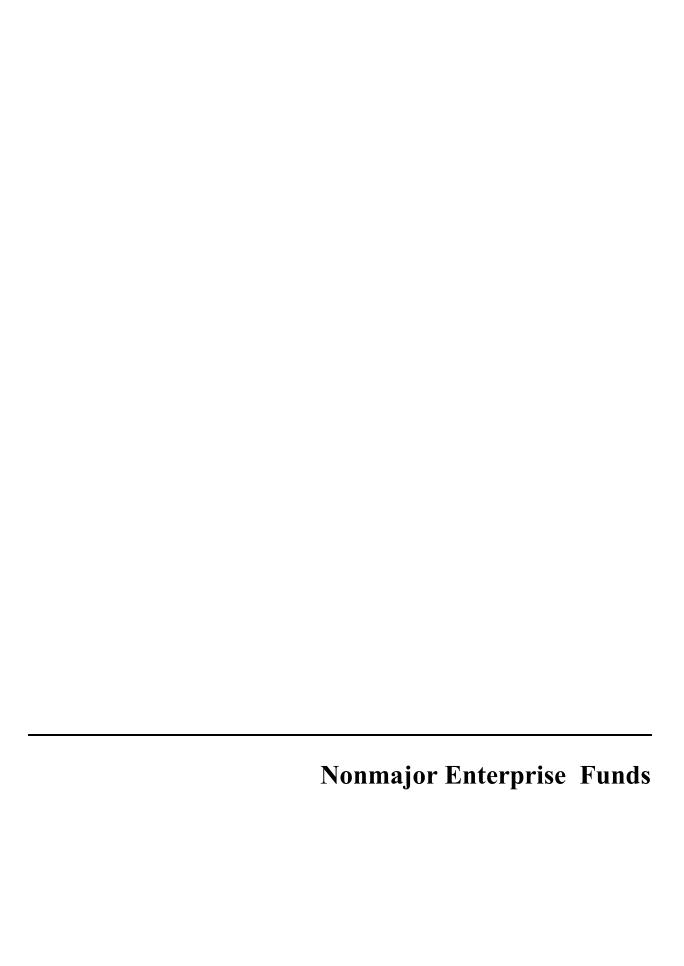
Te St I	WTRF ertiary orage Basin ntenance	Lincoln ircenter	 Totals
\$	59,580 7 -	\$ 80,796 9 -	\$ 472,774 52 16,252
\$	59,587	\$ 80,805	\$ 489,078
\$		\$ 	\$ 239
		 <u>-</u>	 239
	50,000 9,587	 5,000 75,805	356,659 132,180
	59,587	 80,805	 488,839
\$	59,587	\$ 80,805	\$ 489,078

## Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Permanent Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Stormwater Retention Maintenance		Suncal Open Space Endowment		Brookview Open Space Maintenance Trust		Sterling Point Endowment	
REVENUES		220		• 440				<b>7</b> 00
Use of money and property		320	\$	2,448	\$	1	\$	598
<b>Total Revenues</b>		320		2,448		1		598
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Public works and facilities				10,575				
<b>Total Expenditures</b>				10,575				
<b>Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures</b>		320		(8,127)		1_		598
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out		- -		- -		- -		- -
<b>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>								
<b>Net Change in Fund Balance</b>		320		(8,127)		1		598
Fund Balances - Beginning	-	31,316		250,027		16,012		58,300
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	31,636	\$	241,900	\$	16,013	\$	58,898

To S	WTRF ertiary torage Basin ntenance	Lincoln ircenter	Totals
\$	605	\$ 821	\$ 4,793
	605	 821	4,793
			10,575
		 	 10,575
	605	 821	 (5,782)
	-	-	-
	<u>-</u>	 <del>-</del>	 <u> </u>
		 <del>-</del>	 
	605	821	(5,782)
	58,982	 79,984	 494,621
\$	59,587	\$ 80,805	\$ 488,839







### CITY OF LINCOLN Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed primarily through user charges; or where the City has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. Nonmajor enterprise funds of the City are listed below:

#### **Transit**

Accounts for the activities of the City of Lincoln's transit services. The City of Lincoln provides fixed route and demand-response public transit services to its residents.



## Combining Statement of Net Assets Nonmajor Enterprise Funds June 30, 2012

	Transit	Totals	
ASSETS			
Current Assets:			
Cash and investments	\$ 52,936	\$ 52,936	
Accounts receivable (net of allowance)	140	140	
Interest receivable	6	6	
Due from other governments	1,011,397	1,011,397	
Due from other funds	10,182	10,182	
Prepaid costs	64	64	
<b>Total Current Assets</b>	1,074,725	1,074,725	
Noncurrent Assets:			
Capital assets:			
Depreciable, net	776,237	776,237	
<b>Total Noncurrent Assets</b>	776,237	776,237	
Total Assets	1,850,962	1,850,962	
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	53,877	53,877	
Accrued salaries and benefits	15,215	15,215	
Due to other funds	443,703	443,703	
Compensated absences payable	4,956	4,956	
<b>Total Current Liabilities</b>	517,751	517,751	
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Compensated absences payable	21,649	21,649	
Net OPEB obligation	166,729	166,729	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	188,378	188,378	
Total Liabilities	706,129	706,129	
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	776,237	776,237	
Unrestricted	368,596	368,596	
<b>Total Net Assets</b>	\$ 1,144,833	\$ 1,144,833	

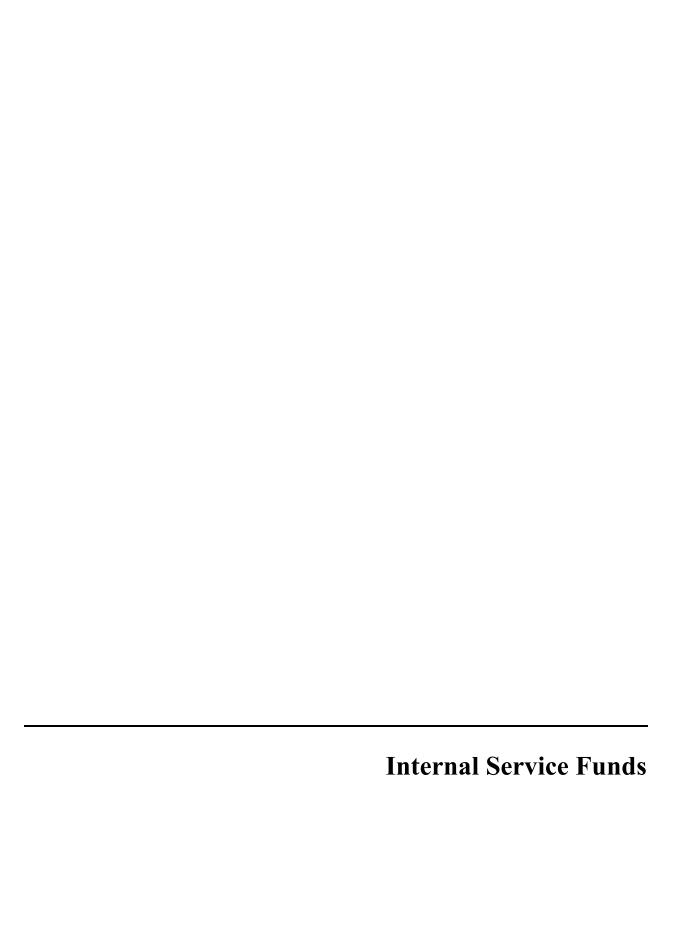
# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Transit			Totals
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services	\$	51.090	\$	51,090
Other revenues	Ф	561	φ	561
Total Operating Revenues		51,651		51,651
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Salaries and benefits		504,824		504,824
Services and supplies		207,966		207,966
Support services		167,415		167,415
Depreciation		59,390		59,390
<b>Total Operating Expenses</b>		939,595		939,595
Operating Income (Loss)		(887,944)		(887,944)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Intergovernmental		1,012,343		1,012,343
Interest income		626		626
<b>Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)</b>		1,012,969		1,012,969
Income (Loss) before Transfers		125,025		125,025
Transfers in		_		_
Transfers out		(96,123)		(96,123)
Change in Net Assets		28,902		28,902
Total Net Assets - Beginning		1,115,931		1,115,931
Total Net Assets - Ending	\$	1,144,833	\$	1,144,833

## Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Transit	Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from customers	\$ 53,377	\$ 53,377
Payments to suppliers	(315,574)	(315,574)
Payments to employees	(423,864)	(423,864)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(686,061)	(686,061)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Intergovernmental revenues received	1,134,626	1,134,626
Transfers to other funds	(96,123)	(96,123)
Interfund loans made	(10,182)	(10,182)
Interfund loans repaid	(343,014)	(343,014)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital		
Financing Activities	685,307	685,307
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest and dividends	817	817
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	817	817
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	63	63
Balances - Beginning of the Year	52,873	52,873
Balances - End of the Year	\$ 52,936	\$ 52,936
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Operating income (loss)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$ (887,944)	\$ (887,944)
Depreciation	59,390	59,390
Write-off of construction in progress	9,531	9,531
Decrease (Increase) in:	,	,
Accounts receivable	1,726	1,726
Prepaid costs	2,329	2,329
Increase (Decrease) in:		
Accounts payable	47,947	47,947
Accrued salaries and benefits	5,290	5,290
Compensated absences payable	5,921	5,921
Net OPEB obligation	69,749	69,749
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ (686,061)	\$ (686,061)
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Write-off of construction in progress	\$ 9,531	\$ 9,531







## **CITY OF LINCOLN Internal Service Funds**

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments on a cost-reimbursement basis. Internal Service Funds used at the City are listed below:

#### **Internal Service Fund**

Accounts for the City's Fleet maintenance and insurance programs which provide services to other departments on a cost reimbursement basis.



## CITY OF LINCOLN Statement of Net Assets Internal Service Fund June 30, 2012

	Total
ASSETS	
Current Assets:	Φ 245.020
Cash and investments	\$ 345,928
Accounts receivable (net of allowance) Interest receivable	263 120
Due from other governments	10,480
Due from other funds	451,901
Investment in JPA	(1,857)
investment in 11 A	(1,637)
Total Current Assets	806,835
Noncurrent Assets:	
Capital assets:	
Depreciable, net	58,057
<b>Total Noncurrent Assets</b>	58,057
Total Assets	864,892
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	288,337
Accrued salaries and benefits	80,779
Compensated absences payable	58,223
Total Current Liabilities	427,339
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Compensated absences payable	254,679
<b>Total Noncurrent Liabilities</b>	254,679
Total Liabilities	682,018
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	58,057
Unrestricted	124,817
m . 137	
Total Net Assets	\$ 182,874

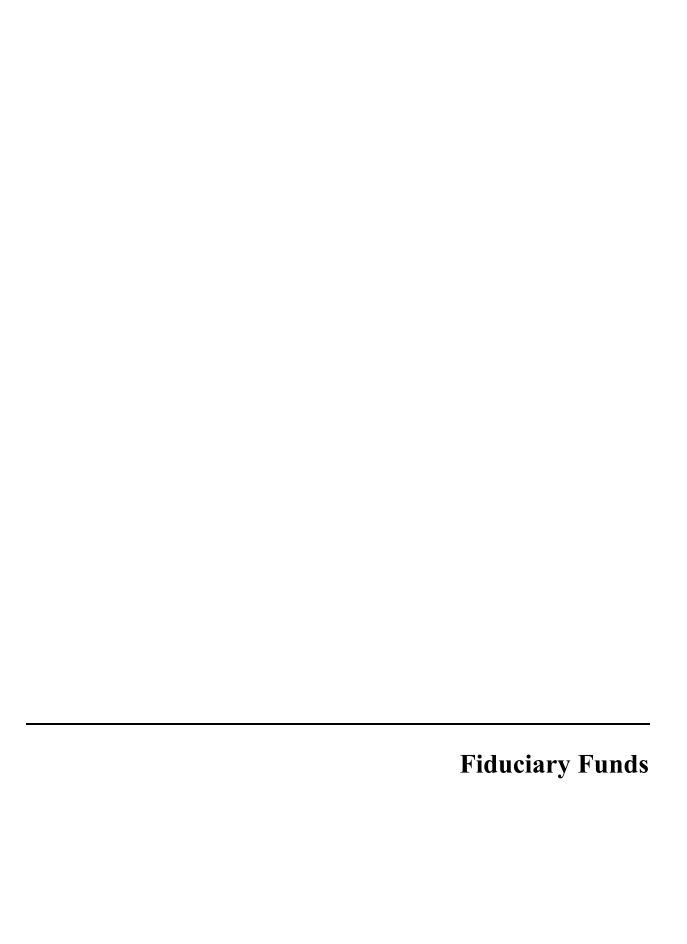
## Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets Internal Service Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	<b>Total</b>
OPERATING REVENUES	
Charges for services	\$ 4,641,539
Other revenues	(3,969)
<b>Total Operating Revenues</b>	4,637,570
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Salaries and benefits	2,471,198
Services and supplies	2,177,261
Depreciation	19,319
Total Operating Expenses	4,667,778
Operating Income (Loss)	(30,208)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Intergovernmental	32,519
Interest income	5,890
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	38,409
Income (Loss) before Transfers	8,201
Transfers in	-
Transfers out	
Change in Net Assets	8,201
Total Net Assets - Beginning	174,673
Total Net Assets - Ending	\$ 182,874

## Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

		Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers	\$ /	1,646,841
Payments to suppliers		2,027,843)
Payments to suppliers  Payments to employees		2,508,433)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		110,565
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Intergovernmental revenues received		22,039
Interfund loans made		(451,901)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities		(429,862)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest and dividends		11,631
Not Cook Dravided (Used) by Investing Activities		11 621
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		11,631
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(307,666)
Balances - Beginning of the Year		653,594
Balances - End of the Year	\$	345,928
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET		
CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating income (loss)	\$	(30,208)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash		
provided by operating activities:  Depreciation		19,319
Depreciation  Decrease (Increase) in:		19,319
Accounts receivable		9,271
Prepaid costs		18,857
Increase (Decrease) in:		,
Accounts payable		130,561
Accrued salaries and benefits		(12,819)
Compensated absences payable		(24,416)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	110,565







## CITY OF LINCOLN Fiduciary Funds

The Fiduciary Funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore cannot be used to support the government's own programs.

#### **Private Purpose Trust Funds**

These funds are used to report other trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The private purpose trust funds maintained by the City include the following:

#### Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency of the City of Lincoln

The fund is used to report the dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency of the City of Lincoln.

#### **Agency Funds**

These funds are used to report resources held by the City in a purely custodial capacity. The agency funds maintained by the City include the following:

#### Little League Fund

Accounts for monies held as agent for Little League activities.

#### Markham Ravine Neighborhood Trust

Accounts for resources received for the purpose of preserving open space surrounding the Markham Ravine area.

#### Lincoln Airpark 98-1

Accounts for monies held from the Community Facilities District No. 1998-1 Special Tax Bonds to finance the acquisition of public improvements to property within the community facilities district and finance wetland mitigation measures. Revenue received from property tax assessment. These bonds are not a liability of the City.

#### **Twelve Bridges Series 2001**

Accounts for the monies held from the Twelve Bridges Limited Obligation Revenue Bonds held to finance the construction/acquisition of public improvements within the assessment district. Monies are received from special tax assessments. These bonds are not a liability of the City.

#### **Twelve Bridges Series 2011**

Accounts for the monies held from the Twelve Bridges Refunding Bonds Series 2011 for improvements within the assessment district. Monies are received from special tax assessments. These bonds are not a liability of the City.

## CITY OF LINCOLN Fiduciary Funds

#### Foskett Ranch Series 2004-3

Accounts for the monies held from the Limited Obligation Revenue Bonds held to finance the construction/acquisition of public improvements within the assessment district. Monies are received from special tax assessments. These bonds are not a liability of the City.

#### Lakeside CFD Series 2006

Accounts for the monies held from the Special Tax Bonds for the acquisition improvements within the Lakeside Area 2 assessment district. These bonds are not a liability of the City.

#### Special Tax Revenue Bond 2007 A&B

Accounts for the monies held from the purchase of the Local Obligations to acquire, construct and improve the Lincoln Crossing 2003-1 assessment district. These bonds are not a liability of the City.

#### **CFD Sorrento Series 2009**

Accounts for the monies held from the Special Tax Bonds for improvements within the Sorrento Project 2005-A Assessment District. Monies are received from special tax assessments. These bonds are not a liability of the City.

#### **Capital Improvements**

Accounts for bond proceeds, federal and local funds and transfers from other funds which are designated for various buildings and general improvements.

#### **Twelve Bridges Capital Projects**

Accounts for construction or purchase of improvements within the Twelve Bridges assessment district.

#### **Highway 65 Capital Projects**

Accounts for resources received for work on Highway 65.

#### **Aiken Ranch Financial District Improvements**

Accounts for resources received for construction or purchase of improvements within the assessment district.

#### Lakeside Community Facilities District (CFD) Improvement Area

Accounts for construction or improvements with the Lakeside assessment district.

#### **Lincoln Crossing Capital Projects**

Accounts for resources received for construction or purchase of improvements within the assessment district.

## CITY OF LINCOLN Fiduciary Funds

### **Foskett Ranch Series 2004-3**

Accounts for resources received to construct improvements at Foskett Ranch.



## Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Private Purpose Trust Funds June 30, 2012

## Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency

	of the City of Lincoln								Total	
	Inc	loderate ome ısing	Red	evelopment Agency		Capital Projects			P	Private Purpose ust Funds
ASSETS										
Current Assets:			_		_		_		_	
Cash and investments	\$ 1	61,713	\$	842,372	\$	957,407	\$	944	\$	1,962,436
Interest receivable		18		110		105		-		233
Investment in JPA		-		3,061		-		-		3,061
Advances to other funds	8	79,389		-		-		-		879,389
Deferred charges		-		389,015		-		-		389,015
Restricted cash and investments		20,573		-		1,050,401		1,041,085		2,112,059
Loans receivable	3,4	76,784		3,916,610		-		-		7,393,394
Capital assets:										
Non-depreciable		-		1,038,800		-		-		1,038,800
Depreciable, net		-		160,617			-			160,617
<b>Total Assets</b>	4,5	38,477		6,350,585		2,007,913		1,042,029	1	3,939,004
LIABILITIES										
Current Liabilities:										
Accounts payable		-		300		-		-		300
Interest payable		-		178,683		-		-		178,683
Deposits payable		-		4,414		-		-		4,414
Advances from other funds		-		879,389		-		-		879,389
Due to other agencies		-		4,469,781		-		-		4,469,781
Long-term debt:										
Due within one year		-		539,924		-		-		539,924
Due in more than one year		-	1	1,981,856					1	1,981,856
<b>Total Liabilities</b>		_	1	8,054,347					1	8,054,347
NET ASSETS										
Net assets held in trust	4,5	38,477	(1	1,703,762)		2,007,913		1,042,029		4,115,343)
<b>Total Net Assets</b>	\$ 4,5	38,477	\$(1	1,703,762)	\$	2,007,913	\$	1,042,029	\$ (	4,115,343)

## Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Private Purpose Trust Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency of the City of Lincoln

	3	of the City of Lincoln								Total	
	Low/Moderate Income Housing		Redevelopment Agency		Capital Projects		Debt Service		I	Private Purpose ust Funds	
ADDITIONS											
Property taxes	,	,646	\$	687,998	\$	-	\$	-	\$	689,644	
Interest and investment income	29	,618		99,823		4,274		-		133,715	
Other contributions				7,190						7,190	
Total Additions	31	,264		795,011		4,274				830,549	
DEDUCTIONS											
Program expenses		-		83,885		-		_		83,885	
Interest expense	58	3,293		236,960		-		192,359		487,612	
Depreciation		-		4,493		-		-		4,493	
Amortization				40,259						40,259	
<b>Total Deductions</b>	58	3,293		365,597				192,359		616,249	
Transfers in		_		_		_		192,359		192,359	
Transfers out		-		(192,359)		-		-		(192,359)	
Extraordinary gain (loss)	4,565	5,506	(1	1,940,817)	2	,003,639	1	,042,029	(	4,329,643)	
<b>Change in Net Assets</b>	4,538	3,477	(1	1,703,762)	2	,007,913	1	,042,029	(	4,115,343)	
<b>Total Net Assets - Beginning</b>											
Total Net Assets - Ending	\$ 4,538	3,477	\$(1	1,703,762)	\$ 2	,007,913	\$ 1	,042,029	\$ (	4,115,343)	



## Combining Statement of Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds June 30, 2012

	Little League		Markham Ravine Neighborhood Trust		Lincoln Airpark 98-1		Twelve Bridges Series 2001		Twelve Bridges Series 2011	
ASSETS										
Cash and investments	\$	40,897	\$	7	\$	419,322	\$	-	\$ 6,8	07,248
Interest receivable		5		-		46		-		671
Special assessments receivable		-		-		-		-	3	28,369
Restricted cash and investments		-				220,783		26	3,9	13,400
<b>Total Assets</b>	\$	40,902	\$	7	\$	640,151	\$	26	\$ 11,0	49,688
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-
Other accrued liabilities		_		-		-		_		-
Deposits payable		_		-		-		_		-
Due to other agencies		-		-		_		_		-
Due to property owners		-		-		640,151		26	11,0	49,688
Unearned revenue		_		-		-		_		-
Agency obligations		40,902		7						
Total Liabilities	\$	40,902	\$	7	\$	640,151	\$	26	\$ 11,0	49,688

Foskett Ranch Series 2004-3		Lakeside FD Series 2006	Special CFD Tax Revenue Sorrento Bond Series 2007 A&B 2009		Capital Improvements		Twelve Bridges Capital Projects	Highway 65 Capital Projects		Aiken Ranch Financial District Improvements	
\$ 473,329	\$	317,687	\$ 8,937,171	\$	118,119	\$	315,949	\$ 6,244,698	\$ 1,365,167	\$	78,697
62		35	999		4		35	2,129	150		9
5,899		845	98,473		2,827		-	-	_		-
399,190		647,892	7,572,798		268,167		3,683,458	4,652,528	_		294
 ,		311,672	.,				-,,				
\$ 878,480	\$	966,459	\$ 16,609,441	\$	389,117	\$	3,999,442	\$10,899,355	\$ 1,365,317	\$	79,000
\$ - - - 878,480	\$	- - - 966,459	\$ - - - 16,609,441	\$	- - - 366.517	\$	1,543	\$ - 7,108 - 237,731	\$ 554,718 - 16,399	\$	- 74,026 -
070,400		700,437	10,007,441		300,317		_	_	_		_
 <u> </u>					22,600		3,997,899	10,654,516	 794,200		4,974
\$ 878,480	\$	966,459	\$ 16,609,441	\$	389,117	\$	3,999,442	\$10,899,355	\$ 1,365,317	\$	79,000

## Combining Statement of Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds June 30, 2012

	Lakeside CFD Improvement Area	Lincoln Crossing Capital Projects	Foskett Ranch Series 2004-3	Totals	
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$ 94,950	\$ 1,533,768	\$ -	\$ 26,747,009	
Interest receivable	10	920	-	5,075	
Special assessments receivable	-	-	-	436,413	
Restricted cash and investments	2,761,077	3,840,830	217,658	28,178,101	
<b>Total Assets</b>	\$ 2,856,037	\$ 5,375,518	\$ 217,658	\$ 55,366,598	
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 965,483	\$ -	\$ 1,521,744	
Other accrued liabilities	-	-	=	7,108	
Deposits payable	90,000	-	=	164,026	
Due to other agencies	10,780	1,063	4,496	270,469	
Due to property owners	-	-	=	30,510,762	
Unearned revenue	-	536,365	=	536,365	
Agency obligations	2,755,257	3,872,607	213,162	22,356,124	
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	\$ 2,856,037	\$ 5,375,518	\$ 217,658	\$ 55,366,598	